THE COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At two DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance. No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the state or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 20, 1880.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIV, NO. 34
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLV, NO. 23

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1 w.	2 w.	3 m.	6 m.	1 y.
One inch	$2.00	$2.50	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	5.00	8.00	13.00
Three inches	4.00	4.50	7.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	13.00	20.00
Quarter column	8.00	8.00	10.00	18.00	25.00
Half column	10.00	13.00	18.00	25.00	50.00
One column	20.00	35.00	30.00	50.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted, except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Brickbaum, P. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Brickbaum.
Court Stenographer—S. S. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert R. Little.
Sheriff—U. H. Ent.
Surveyor—Samuel Keyhard.
Treasurer—H. A. Swengenbeiser.
Commissioners—Stephen Pohe, Charles Richart, A. B. Herring.
Commissioners' Clerk—J. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seesholtz.
Jury Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—E. J. Albertson, Greenwood; Reece Fatrman, Scott; Caleb Barton, Bloomsburg.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—G. A. HERRING.
Clerk—I. K. Gross.
Chief of Police—H. Harris.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier, John Peacock, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President J. P. Austin, Cashier.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Pastor—To be supplied.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. H. D. S. Mensley.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. W. Evans.
Minister—Rev. E. H. Yocum.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—To be supplied.
Residence—Corner 4th and Catharine streets.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion, services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reese
Minister—Rev. George Hunter.
Sunday Service—10 a. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST,
Meets in "the little brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

AGENTS WANTED $50 to $125 a Month. ENCYCLOPEDIA
HOW TO BE YOUR OWN LAWYER
Law and forms for Business Men, Farmers, Mechanics and Workingmen. Selling fast. Low prices. Great success. One agent sold 500 in one town, another 175 in 13 days, &c. Saves ten times its cost, and everybody wants it. Send for circulars and terms. Also General Agents Wanted. Address
P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 1,009 Arch St., Phil'a, Pa.
Nov. 21, '79.-1y ald

W. H. HOUSE, DENTIST.
BLOOMSBURG, COL. CO. PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Good sets for $10.
Office Corner Main and Iron Streets.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov. 24-1y

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law, Office, E. J. Clark's building, 2d story, room 3, Bloomsburg. may 7, '80-1

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. RERER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Near depot.

J. E. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Oct. 1, '79. Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1 1879.

MISCELLANEOUS

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 14, '79-tf

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Room No. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg.
april 9, 1878.

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

CARPETS Largest stock in New York city, Lowest Prices, consisting of Moquettes, Wiltons, Axminsters, Velvets, Body and Tapestry Brussels, Three Ply and Ingrain Carpets (with borders to match), Oil Cloths (all widths), Mattings, &c.
LACE CURTAINS, $1.00 per pair, to the finest REAL LACE Imported.
SHEPPARD KNAPP,
189 & 191 Sixth Ave., cor. 13th St., N. Y
March 26, 6m. ab&co.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa.
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 26, '79-1y.

BUSINESS CARDS
VISITING CARDS.
LETTER HEADS
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

LAWYERS.

C. E. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe. Oct. 1, 1879.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building.

C. B. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. B. LITTLE. ROBT. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.
jan. 16, '80-tf

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe
oct. 1, 1879.

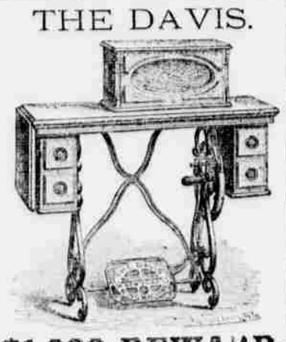
S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN. Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in Hartman's Block, Corner Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office in Brower's Block, one door below COLUMBIAN Building
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
July 16, '80-tf

D. WILMOT CONNER, M. D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, special attention given to the DISEASES and DEFECTS of the EYE, EAR THROAT and SURGERY in all its various branches. Also carefully adjusts the EYE with PROPER GLASSES.
HOURS { 8—10 a. m. / 3—4:30 p. m. / 7—8 p. m.
54 East Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
July 16, '80-tf

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
Having returned and opened a first-class BARBER SHOP in Exchange Block, second door, over Peter Grimes' saloon, respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally.
july 16, '80-tf

B. F. SHARPLESS,
Cor. Centre and Rail Road Sts., near L. & B. Depot.
Lowest Prices----will not be undersold.
Manufacturer of MINE CAR WHEELS, Coal Breaker and Bridge Castings, Water Pipes, Stoves, Tinware, Plows, IRON FENCE, and all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings.
The original Montrose, Iron beam, right hand, left hand, and side hill Plows, the best in the market, and all kinds of plow repairs.
Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, and Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also the largest stock of repairs for city stoves, wholesale and retail, such as Fire Brick, Grates, Cross Pieces, Lids &c. &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Skillits, Cake Plates, large Iron Kettles, (20 gallons to 1½ barrels) Farm Bells, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes,
"Allentown Bone Manure"
PLASTER, SALT, &c., &c.
Jan 9, '80-1y

THE DAVIS.

$1.000 REWARD.
ONE THOUSAND (1,000) DOLLARS PREMIUM offered to ANY PERSON that will do as GREAT A RANGE OF WORK on ANY OTHER MACHINE, WHAT THE
NEW DAVIS VERTICAL FEED
Will do without basting.
It will make wide hem on sheets, &c., hem all manner of flat woolen goods, as soft merino, crape, or goods difficult to hem on other machines. It makes a more elastic stitch than any other machine. It will turn a hem and put in piping at same time.
It will turn a hem, sew braid on the right side and stitch on trimming at one operation.
It will do flouncing bias or straight, either on cotton or woolen goods.
It will fell across seams on any goods.
It will bind a dress or skirt and sew on facing, either with or without showing stitches; bind dress Goods with the same material, either scallops, points, squares or straight. The only machine that will bind Hats, Cloaks, or other articles with bias, satin or silk, from ¼ to 3 inches in width, without basting.
It will gather with or without sewing on.
It will gather between two pieces and sew on at the same time.
It will make a ruffle and stitch a pillow slip on to the facing at the same time.
It will shirr any kind of goods.
It will make plaited trimming either with or without sewing it on.
It will make plaited trimming either scalloped or straight and sew a piping on at the same time. It will make knife plaiting.
J. SALTZER, Gen'l Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 3, '79-1y.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR LIVER DISEASE and indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady, and relief is always anxiously sought after. If the liver is regulated in its action health is a most invariably secured. Indigestion or want of action in the liver causes headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, Bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart, depression of spirits or the blues, and a hundred other symptoms SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the best remedy that has ever been discovered for these ailments. It acts mildly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way. It has been used for forty years, and hundreds from all parts of the country will voluntarily testify to its virtues, among the hundreds to which we can refer. Extract of a letter from Alexander H. Stephens, dated March 8, 1875: "I occasionally use when my condition requires it, Dr. Simmons' Liver Regulator, with good effect. It is mild, and suits me better than more active medicines."
It is not the quality eaten that gives health, but the quality digested and assimilated. It is the thorough digestion of the food that gives health. If the stomach is out of order, therefore do not stimulate up the stomach to crave food, but rather assist digestion after eating by taking
SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
Original and Genuine
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Price $1.00. Sold by all Druggists.
April 16, '80-1y.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Defensive Medication
Is a preparation which should never be neglected when danger is present, and therefore a course of the Bitters at this season is strongly suggestive, especially for the feeble and sickly. As a remedy for biliousness, dyspepsia, nervousness, and bowel complaints, there is nothing comparable to this wholesome restorative.
For sale by all Druggists and dealers generally.

OPIUM Morphine Habit cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, O. WACO april 2, '80-1y

$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. oct 3, '79-1y

A NEW DEPARTURE!
BEST PLOW IN THE WORLD!

THE SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO. of Syracuse, N. Y.
Are now putting on the market a Plow that is as much superior to any Plow heretofore made as the Plows of the past few years have been superior to those made half a century ago.
It combines all the excellencies of any Plow in use.
It obviates all the objections made to any other Plow.
In addition it embraces several new features of the greatest value, for which we have obtained exclusive Patents.
Its Beam, Clevis, Jointer Standard and Wheel Standard will be STEEL, and its mold board will be a composition of Steel and Iron chilled under a process for which we have also obtained an exclusive Patent. It will be called
THE SYRACUSE CHILLED STEEL PLOW
Its weight will be eighteen pounds less than our present styles.
A first-class Steel Plow, made in the ordinary way, full rigged, retails for twenty-two dollars. Interior Steel Plows retail from sixteen to nineteen dollars.
The price of our new Plow will be but **Seventeen Dollars**, and it will be the cheapest Agricultural Implement ever sold.
Its mold board will outwear three of the very best kinds of the ordinary steel mold boards.
It will scour in soils where all steel plows and all other plows have hitherto proved a failure.
With this Plow will be introduced a corrugated Plow Point and Jointer Point, on which we have also obtained a Patent, and which is also a great improvement, both as regards strength and wear.
The Jointer can be shifted so as to take more or less land, and also more or less pitch, and it can always be kept on a line with the Plow.
The wheel will run under the beam or one side of it as the rock and always kept in line.
The Beam is adjustable for Spring or Fall Plowing, and also for two or three horses.
The handles can be adjusted to accommodate a man of any size, on the same Plow.
It is a perfect Side Plow.
Wooden Beams are going out of use because they shrink, swell and warp, and never run two seasons alike.
Iron beams are too heavy.
Malleable beams become demoralized and bend, when it is much worse than to break.
A Steel beam is the necessity of the day. It is both economical, strong and very much lighter than any other style.
When we say a Mold board is chilled, the farmers know it is so.
We do not palm off on them a composition of various metals and call it chilled metal.
We want agents for this new Plow in every town in this State.
We can give but a very small discount to them, but we will pay the Railroad Freight.
We propose to place this Plow in the hands of Farmers as near the cost of manufacture as possible.
It will be the *best* Agricultural Implement ever sold.
It shall also be the *cheapest*.
Persons therefore who are not willing to act as agents on the principle that "a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," need not apply for an agency.
No Plows on commission. All sales absolute.
☞ This is the only Steel Chilled Plow in the World.
Steel costs several times more than Iron.
But this Plow, full rigged, by giving small discounts, can be sold for Seventeen Dollars. Compare this price with that of any Iron Plow ever made.
It is cheaper than any other Plow now made would be at five dollars and a half.
Where there are no agents we will, on receipt of Seventeen Dollars, send a Plow to any Railroad station in the State and pay the freight. Address,
SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO.
Syracuse, N. Y.
Or
June 18, 1880.

Poetical.

THE BATTLE OF LIFE.

Go forth to the battle of life, my boy,
Go while it is called to-day,
For the years go out and the years come in
Regardless of those who may toss or win,
Of those who may work or play.

And the troops march steadily on my boy,
To the army gone before;
You may hear the sound of their falling feet
Going down to the river, where two worlds meet;
They go to return no more.

There is a place for you in the ranks, my boy,
That you never can tread again;
Work for the loftiest, lowliest men—
Work for the plow, plane, spindle and pen—
Work for the hands and the brain.

The serpent will follow your steps, my boy,
To lay for your feet a snare;
And pleasure sits in her fairy bowers,
With garlands of poppies and lotus flowers
Enwreathing her golden hair.

Temptations will wait by the way, my boy,
Temptations without and within;
And spirits of evil, with robes as fair
As those which the angels in heaven might wear
Will lure you to deadly sin.

Then put on the armor of God, my boy,
In the beautiful days of youth;
Put on the helmet and breast-plate and shield
And the sword that the fullest arm may wield
In the cause of right and truth.

And go to the battle of life, my boy,
With the peace of the gospel shod,
And before high heaven do the best you can
For the great reward and the good of man,
For the kingdom and crown of God.

Select Story.

ONLY BOB.

On the highway of the great city of M—— there were towns and villages without number, but at intervals came desolate spots, rocks, whose hoary heads overlooked a beautiful sparkling river, depths of forests, which stretched away to an almost unknown distance, long reaches where human homes are few and far between.

One of these lonely recesses was the chosen haunt of a young artist, who was spending the autumn in a neighboring village.

The sun was going down, but still Raymond Morse lingered, putting the finishing touches to a picture that he intended placing on exhibition in one of the great art galleries of the distant city.

The scene before him was an appropriate one for an artist's pencil, for the recess was beautiful enough for the attiring room of the queen of nature. Tremulous, feathery ferns formed a yielding carpet of gold and bronze; the grim rocks that stood on guard by the dimpling river, were softened by clinging, silver moss; all around was displayed the exquisite handiwork of the great nature painter—that cunning workman, the frost; blood red and royal purple stood out in startling contrast; gold and saffron stood out in superb relief against dun, sombre color, and, above all, rival ing the glory of the earth, was the royally tinted sunset sky.

The soft summer wind lightly lifted the heavy masses of hair that waved away from the head of the white, uncovered artist; his hand moved rapidly, but otherwise the graceful, firm set figure was like that of a statue, so intently was he engaged on the object of his attention.

Raymond Morse finished the picture and was holding it up from him, surveying it with critical eye, when the sound of a deep drawn breath, close by him, assured Morse that the bold eminence on which he sat, rising round and hoary in the deepening twilight, had another occupant.

Morse glanced hastily over his shoulder and saw just behind him a boy, ragged and barefoot, peeping at the picture with a look of intense longing in his eyes. Seeing that he was discovered, the boy turned away, a cowed look coming into the tanned face.

'Hello youngster, come back!'

The boy stopped at the cordial tones and glanced covertly at the artist. He saw the eyes glowing with radiant kindness, the nameless charm of the face, and so he came slowly to Morse's side.

'What is your name, my boy?'

'I'm only Bob, farmer Rowe's bound boy.'

'Well, Robert, tell me what you think of it,' and the artist put the picture carefully into the boy's hands.

Morse watched the boy as he gazed at the picture.

It was as if some subtle magnetism was at work, playing in brightness and beauty over the bronzed features of this wonder of the twilight. Finally the boy gave the picture back, merely remarking:

'I wish I could do like that,' but mingled with the hopefulness of the tones was an undercurrent of unconscious power.

Actuated by some influence Raymond Morse put his hand under Bob's chin and raising the downcast face gave it a piercing look. Great eyes of purplish darkness met his, in whose depths were foreshadowed the powers of a latent genius.

Removing the hand he gave the boy a pencil and an unused leaf of his sketch book.

Bob worked away for a few minutes then the leaf lay before Morse, sketched with such fidelity to nature that the artist was astonished.

'When did you learn to draw like this?' he questioned.

'I never learned. It always came handy, and before I found this pencil—it was about an inch in length—I used to mark on birch bark with coal. I have drawn a great many things that way. But I must hurry back with those cows or old Rowe will give me a beating, and his beatings ain't nothing to laugh at,' and the boy shivered.

The artist arose. 'I am going to leave Acton to-morrow. If you ever come to the city of M—— come and see me. Here is my address,' giving Bob a card which the boy hid carefully away. 'Good-bye, Bob.

'Good-bye, sir,' and the artist was alone.

* * * *

'Well, Ray, what does this mean?'

'Good morning Will; find a seat if you can.'

Morse's usually charming studio was in a state of confusion hard to be described. The luxurious sofas and lounging chairs were filled to overflowing with the various possessions of the artist; but little of the carpet could be seen from the pile of folios, sketch books and unfinished drawings that covered it. Will Thornton sought out the easiest chair, tipped the contents unceremoniously upon the floor and seated himself.

'I say, Ray, when are you going to answer my question? What does this hurly-burly mean?'

'It means, my dear chum, that the Vesta sails on Monday, and so do I.'

'Ray Morse, why did I—'

The sentence was destined never to be finished.

'Mr. Ray, there's a little ragged boy at the door who says he must see you. I told him to be off, but he will not go.'

'Show him up, Sam,' said the artist.

The servant obeyed.

'Why, Robert, when and why did you come to the city?' said the artist in a kindly surprise.

Without speaking the boy pushed up his ragged sleeve. An arm sullied and disfigured by long, dark ridges, met the artist's gaze.

'Poor child!' exclaimed Morse compassionately.

'You see,' said Bob in explanation, 'old Rowe found my drawings and threw them into the fire and then beat me and called me a 'beggarly cur,' and the boy's nostrils widened and quivered like those of a young horse under the lash, 'so I ran away and come here, for I kept your address.'

Morse turned to Thornton, who had been listening in amazement, and explained the affair to him, and then the two young men had a short and satisfactory explanation.

In a few days Raymond Morse sailed for Europe. In the handsome, well-dressed boy that stood on the wharf, watching the receding steamer with regretful eyes, we could hardly recognize Bob, the hound boy, now Robert Ward, for such was the name the artist had given him.

'You are Ward, my ward,' he said, laughingly.

Slowly the youth retraced his steps to the engraving room in which Morse had procured him a good situation.

'He told me to think,' said Robert Ward to himself, 'and I will.'

It seemed a very little thing to the artist.

'I merely gave a homeless boy a name and a chance to work,' he merrily said, and soon all thought of that little deed of charity faded from his mind.

Twelve years have passed with their sunshine and storms, their burden of hopes and fears, joys and sorrows, and again we will glance at the actors of our story.

What have these years done for this young engraver? They have given him work, work beloved for its own sake, and well and faithfully performed, and as a result riches has piled her treasures at the young artist's feet. Honor has spread abroad his name, and fame has covered him with laurels. But amid all his busy toil and successful endeavors, whether engaged in parrying the buffets of fortune or striving with all his energy to win the victory, Robert Ward never forgot the one who stopped by the wayside, and placing the feet of 'only Bob' on their ladder of fame, pointed upwards. Robert had heard but indirectly from Raymond Morse during all this time, for he had never returned from Europe.

There had come the news of his marriage with a beautiful Florentine—then a silence of years, followed by faint rumors, vague reports of calamity darkening his pathway, and finally it was confirmed by one of his acquaintances lately returned from Italy.

'Yes, he has been unfortunate in money affairs, and his right arm being paralyzed, he is, in fact, rather poorly off.

Robert Ward turned away from the garrulity of the traveler with a sharp pain retarding the very pulsations of his heart.

Oh, it was too hard to believe. That trained right arm stricken nerveless at his side; that dear right hand never to take up the laved brush, never clasp the hand of the one who had toiled so long in order to win his commendation, more prized than the plaudits of the world. Suffering and in want! 'Dear friend, at last the time has come when I can repay to some extent your goodness to a homeless, nameless boy,' said the artist to himself.

* * * *

Night in Florence. The afterglow of sunset still lingered in the sky and the murmur of the Arno filled the air. The soft Italian moon poured forth a flood of silver through an open window of a venerable building that could count its age by centuries and had once been occupied by some aristocratic and wealthy family. It stood in the midst of a large, lonely garden, in which thickets of myrtle and flex, and clumps of cypress made a solemn gloom.

A gentleman occupied a low seat by the window. He had evidently been reading or trying to do so, for an old book of conspiracies and assassinations—the black story of ancient Florence lay at his feet, but now with eyes that saw nothing he was gazing on the sheen of the glossy Arno, with hopelessness written in unmistakable characters on his noble face. 'Oh, God, why hast Thou afflicted me thus!' he groaned. 'When hope is held out that this dead weight,' glancing at his right arm that hung listless by his side, 'may yet become endowed with life and power, that I, who never refused a cry of need, must remain a cripple for want of gold. I care not for myself but for the sake of Genevra and baby Isadore,' and he covered his face with his hands.

'Dear Raymond,' said a voice in soft, musical Italian, 'you are troubled. Can I not comfort you my husband!' and a woman with the pale, creamy skin, rippling black hair and dreamy eyes of the daughters of the summer land, laid her hand caressingly on his shoulder.

Morse put his arm around his wife and drew her down beside him.

'Genevra,' he said, 'I saw Verra, the great surgeon to-day, and he says he can cure my arm, but it will cost $500.

The wife hid her sorrowful face for well she knew that such a sum they could not raise.

'Perhaps it would be better for us all, dear,' he continued, 'if such a useless creature as I lay under those silver ripples,' and he pointed to the calm river. 'Your family would welcome little Isadore for your sake, and you would be free to marry—'

'Raymond!'—it was a cry of the tenderest reproach and love—'have I loved and trusted you so fondly, so long, only to loose you at last? Oh, that I could tell you how it wounds me, and you would never talk so again.

'Forgive me, Genevra, but it cuts me to the heart to see you do menial service, you, the petted child of fortune.'

She took the poor paralyzed hand in hers and kissed it.

Just then a knock sounded at the door. Morse arose, crossed the floor and to door. The landlady stood there holding a sealed envelope.

'Pardon me, Mr. Morse, for interrupting you, but here is a letter for you.'

He took the letter from her hand, closed the door and hastily opened the envelope. A folded paper fell out. In a moment he was by his wife's side, and, almost speechless with amazement, handed her the paper. She took it. It was a check for twenty thousand dollars.'

'What can it mean? It cannot be for us,' she said positively.

Morse sought the landlady and questioned her carefully about the letter she had brought him. She could tell him nothing save that a young man had told her to deliver it to Mr. Morse.

The next day Morse went to the bank mentioned in the check and requested the officials to inform him who filled out the check. Said one of them: 'A young man deposited the money in our hands and then had the check made out in your name.'

'Did he give his own name?' inquired Morse.

'No, sir.'

'Can you give me a discription of him.'

'Tall, fair complexioned, with dark hair and eyes, and talks with a foreign accent.' Morse pondered over the description of his unknown friend, but unavailingly. He had quite a number of friends that would answer to such description, but none that would be likely to bestow such a gift on a poor, unimed artist.

'Shall we cash the check, sir?' politely questioned one of the officials.

'No, thanks. I should consider that I have no right to this check even, until I know the name of the donor and his motive for doing as he has,' and bowing Morse left the banking house.

Once on the street he walked rapidly homeward. A tall figure passed him with a soft felt hat pulled low over a pair of eyes that brightened at the sight of the artist and then saddened at the sight of the arm swaying lifelessly at his side.

'Well gentlemen I presume you cashed the check,' said Robert Ward, entering the banking house soon afterward.

'No, sir, we did not.'

'And why not?' imperatively.

'Simply Mr. Morse said that he should not consider the check his own until he knew the name and object of the donor.

A shade of annoyance passed over Wards face.

'Oh, proud heart,' he said to himself, with the means of restoring that helpless arm to its wonted power, placed freely at your disposal, yet that proud nature rebels at the thought of assistance from another. It will soon prove to you that it is only the just repayment of a long-standing debt.'

A week had passed, and still Raymond Morse was puzzled over the enigma that as yet he had found himself unable to solve.

'A note for you, sir.'

He recognized the handwriting of the address at once, for it was precisely like the other.

It contained but a few words:

'Mr Morse—If convenient, will you be so kind as to call at No. 37——street, on Wednesday next.'

At the appointed time Raymond Morse called at the place designated. The servant ushered him into a room very luxuriantly furnished. At his entrance a gentleman, tall, fair, with dark hair and eyes, arose and greeted him courteously. Seating himself in an easy chair placed at his side, Morse looked at his host squarely in the face. Somehow the gaze that met him so frankly move the artist strangely.

After conversing for a short time on indifferent subjects, the younger said to the elder artist.

'I have not told you what to call me by yet, and I perceive by your look that you are anxious to know the name of the stranger who sent you that mysterious check, for it is useless for me to deny the act. Mr. Morse,' bending earnestly forward toward the amazed artist, 'if I can prove to you that the check was a just return for an obligation contracted years ago, will you receive it?'

'But I know of no such obligation.'

'But I can prove it?'

'If you can prove it I will receive the check.'

Robert Ward went to a covered easel. 'Here is my proof,' said he, motioning to Ward to follow him. Morse crossed over to the side of his host, who, drawing aside a curtain, disclosed a picture.

It represented a beautiful autumn scene. In the background were two persons, a picture which he held in his hand and a boy peering over his shoulder. Under the picture were the words, 'Only Bob.'

Raymond Morse said nothing, but a mist of tears blinded his eyes, and he reached out his hand graspingly toward Robert Ward, who took it in a strong clasp. No words were needed.

Mrs. Partington says

don't take any of the quack nostrums, as they are regimental to the human cistern; but put your trust in Hop Bitters, which will cure general delapidation, costive habits and all comic diseases. They saved Isaac from a severe extract of typed fever. They are ne plus unum of medicines.

White Wax.

It will be a surprise to a large number of our American women to be told that the white wax, of which they make such constant use when engaged in the household sewing, is the diseased secretion of a peculiar species of fly found in the eastern portion of Central China. Most of the country women, if they have given a thought to the subject, have supposed that this white wax was some refined product of ordinary beeswax—an article that has about it the conditions of cleanliness and healthfulness, which is more than can be said of exudations of insects due to some body malady. These flies apparently become diseased from feeding on the leaves of a particular kind of evergreen tree or shrub, of which they are exceedingly fond. The twigs of these trees in certain seasons of the year are thickly covered with flies, who, in time, leave upon them a thick incrustation of white matter. When this has increased to a sufficient size, the branch is cut off and immersed in boiling water, which causes the wax to come to the surface in the shape of a viscid substance, which is skimmed off, cleansed, and afterward allowed to cool in pans. The trade in this article is quite an extensive one, as it is estimated that last year the crop was worth not less than three million five hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

"Sellers' Liver Pills' cured me of liver complaint." D. B. COLEMAN, Short Creek, W. Va.

Wallace's Speech.

Senator Wallace delivered a rattling speech at Norristown last week, to a large audience. He spoke as follows:

It is fitting that here, in the home of General Hancock, the campaign, which we hope and believe is to result in bringing his native State to the Democracy, should be inaugurated. [Applause.] The real and vital issue in this campaign is the question of unionism as against secessionalism; the question is whether the Union is to be restored and perpetuated, or whether sectionalism and disunion is to continue to exist. [Applause.] The Republican party as a party has practically ignored the existence of a Federal Union by its appeals to its own voters of the North to sustain that party in the bitter attacks upon the people of the South; and they have forgotten and ignored that broad spirit of unionism that reaches out and covers the whole country in its grasp. [Applause.] As a people it is time for us to return to questions graver and more important for the whole people than those of hate, of secessionalism and disunion. The questions that really concern us as a people relate to our returning prosperity, to our progress as a nation and to the elevation of our people intellectually and in a business sense. [Applause.]

THE REPUBLICAN IDEA.

The campaign of the Republican organization is inaugurated upon the old sectional issues. Hate is their animating idea. [Applause.] Their party policy commands them to forsake their old party associates South, and they unhesitatingly obey. They would be unable to point to a 'solid South,' to talk of 'southern outrages,' to falsify the record and preach a gospel of hate if they would admit and recognize the fact that it was possible for them to carry a Southern State for the Republican organization. This fact they make the basis of their party policy, and they utterly abandon their party associates South. In Alabama they seek the cover of the Greenbacker and fight beneath his banner. [Applause.] In Virginia they properly cover themselves beneath the banner of repudiation and readjustment, and practically ignore the teachings that belong to a great people—the national credit and State faith. They clamor they have no votes in the South; they do not want them, for if they had them their vocation would be gone and their teachings would be idle. They would no longer be able to appeal to the bitter passions of the North. If the Southern outrages they paint and the inability to vote they preach be true, the responsibility is upon them and not upon us; for they have had entire control of the government for fifteen years and have utterly failed to restore the Union. [Applause.] They have not attempted it. It was not their interest to produce it. Their interest and their policy have run in a different direction and they have pursued the path of hate and sectionalism and not that of peace and harmony.

NOT A NATIONAL PARTY.

The Republican party has ceased to be national, if it ever was such. [Applause.] While the nation progresses, business energy revives and prosperity crowns us in every section, this giant Polyphemus, with his eye in the back of his head, can see but one section of the country and will not recognize the inevitable march of events.

Hancock forcibly says: 'The war for the Union was successfully closed more than fifteen years ago; all classes of our people must share alike the bl

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, Editor.
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, August 20, 1880.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Gen. W. S. HANCOCK,

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

Wm. H. ENGLISH,

OF INDIANA.

STATE TICKET.

SUPREME JUDGE,

GEORGE A. JENKS, Jefferson county.

AUDITOR GENERAL,

ROBERT P. DECHERT, Philadelphia.

County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS

DR. O. A. MEGARGELL,

[Subject to the decision of the Congressional Conference.

FOR STATE SENATE.

E. J. McHENRY,

[Subject to the decision of the Senatorial Conference.]

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,

T. JEFF. VANDERSLICE,
JOSEPH B. KNITTLE,

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

ROBERT R. LITTLE.

The Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, requests each member of the Standing Committee to make an appointment of a Vigilance Committee for his election district, borough or township consisting of at least two members, in addition to the member of the Standing Committee, and in the larger districts three or four, as may be necessary, and the member of the Standing Committee will promptly within not more than one week send the names to the chairman.

CHAS. G. BASKLEY, Secretary. DAVID LOWENBERG, Chairman.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

		Post Office.
Beaver,	W. T. Fox,	Beaver Valley.
Benton,	Rohr McHenry,	Benton.
Berwick,	Dr. F. P. Hill,	Berwick.
Bloomsburg E.	David Lowenberg,	Bloomsburg.
" W.	Chas. G. Barkley,	do
Briarcreek,	A. B. Coup,	Berwick.
Catawissa,	W. L. Eyerly,	Catawissa.
Centralia,	Thomas Kearns	Centralia.
Centre,	T. F. Conner	Centre.
Conyngham N.	Thomas Ewins,	Centralia.
" S.	John Monroe,	Ashland.
Fishingcreek,	Cyrus B. McHenry,	Stillwater.
Franklin,	C. L. Appleg,	Catawissa.
Greenwood,	Wm. Eyer,	Eyer Grove.
Hemlock,	Seth Shoemaker,	Buckhorn.
Jackson,	Silas W. McHenry,	Waller.
Locust,	A. M. Johnson,	Elysburg N C.
Madison,	Conrad Kreamer,	Jerseytown.
Main,		
Mifflin,	Samuel Snyder,	Mifflinville
Montour,	Peter A. Evans,	Bloomsburg.
Mt. Pleasant,	E. Howell,	Lightstreet.
Orange,	Jas. B. Harman,	Orangeville.
Pine,	John F. Fowler,	Pine Summit.
Roaringcreek,	John Mourer,	Roaringcreek.
Scott East,	John Savage,	Espy.
Scott West,	Dr. D. T. Krebs,	Lightstreet.
Sugarloaf,	W. A. Kile,	Cole's Creek.

TO VOTERS.

The 2nd of September is the last day for registration and assessment.

The assessor of each district is required to be at the election house on Wednesday and Thursday, September 1st and, 2nd, from 10 a. m., to 3 p. m., and from 6 p. m. to 9 p. m., to perfect the list of voters.

All persons entitled to vote should *personally* see that they are assessed as well as registered.

Persons intending to be naturalized before the 2nd of October should be assessed and registered by the 2nd of September.

ALL HANCOCK AND ENGLISH CAMPAIGN CLUBS AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS WHICH SUPPORT THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES ARE REQUESTED TO SEND TO

W. H. BARNUM,
CHAIRMAN NAT. DEM. COMMITTEE,
138 FIFTH AVENUE,
NEW YORK,

1st. The name and location of their organization.

2nd. A statement of the number of members enrolled.

3rd. The names of officers.

4th. Accounts of meetings held.

5th. Reports every two weeks during the Campaign, of the number and increase of membership, with the condition and prospects of the canvass.

(From the Portland, Me., Argus.)

EVERY MEMBER OF CONGRESS WHO DELIBERATELY HANDLED GREDIT MOBIER STOCK IS UNWORTHY OF FUTURE CONFIDENCE.—[*Indianapolis Journal*, Republican organ, February 26, 1873.]

Garfield not only handled the stock but lied about it. Is he not "unworthy of future confidence?"

The first time there was an attempt to cheat the Democrats out of their victory, was when Porter was elected over Ritner. And when Ritner and his friends determined to treat the election as if they had not been defeated. With only 5,000 majority in the State, the Democracy of forty years ago said "On to Harrisburg"—and Stevens and Burrows and Fern and Penrose went out at the back window, and Porter was sworn in.

The second time the fraud and forgery and perjury were successful, and Hayes was seated. And now he threatens the Democrats with the Army and Navy.

Have we come to the condition of France and Mexico and the South American governments? Are we to have soldiers at the polls?

When the facts about Mr. Congressman Garfield, now the republican candidate for President, and the De Golyer pavement job were fresh, and there was no party reason for concealment, when he was a candidate for renomination, the indignation in his district was so great that on September 7, 1876, a bolting convention of Republicans who had assembled to nominate a candidate against him, passed the following as an eighth resolution among others which arraigned Mr. Garfield:

"*Eighth.*—That we further arraign and charge him with corrupt bribery in selling his official influence as Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations for $5,000 to the De Golyer pavement ring to aid them in securing a contract from the Board of Public Works of the District of Columbia; selling his influence to said ring in imposing upon the people of said district a pavement which is almost worthless at a price three times its cost, as sworn to by one of the contractors; selling his influence to said ring in procuring a contract, to procure which it corruptly paid $97,000 for 'influence;' selling his influence in a matter that involved no question of law upon the shallow pretext that he was acting as a lawyer; selling his influence in a manner so palpable and clear as to be so found and declared by an impartial and competent court upon an issue solemnly tried."

SPEECH OF COL. FORNEY IN PHILADELPHIA

About four thousand people listened to the address of John W. Forney in Philadelphia last week Thursday. He spoke as follows:

Colonel Forney, beginning with some appropriate historic allusions, considered briefly the services of General Hancock to the Union cause, and in particular to this city and State. The hero of Gettysburg who triumphed in war, now brings the South with him, not as prisoners, but as friends who pledge themselves to maintain the Union and preserve emancipation. What more did we fight for? What more have we to ask? The only men that remain obstinate and implacable are the Republican office holders and the Republican office-seekers, who are unforgiving. They reject penitence because if they accept penitence they will become penniless. Continuing, Colonel Forney said:

There must be an end to sectionalism in this country, as there is an end of small pox and to naturalize sectionalism is like incorporating pestilence into your daily life. How is sectionalism to be ended? When Louisiana joined hands with Vermont at Cincinnati, on the 23rd of June, 1880, and presented Winfield S. Hancock as a peace-offering to the North and as a love offering to the whole nation, Dougherty, of Pennsylvania, glorified, and Daniels, of Virginia, accepted the pledge. What better could they have done? They took the Union soldier, who, only seventeen years before, to speak of no other fields on which he fought, and to make no invidious comparisons, overthrew them. One would think such a concession would satisfy even the patriot John Cessna, chairman of the republican State Committee, who remained so long in the Democratic party opposing the sentiment which gave peace to the country, and now stands out the fierce adversary of Winfield S. Hancock who conquered the Confederates of Gettysburg in 1863. But men like Mr. Cessna who now hold the purse-strings of the nation and the municipalities, reject Hancock because he is a Democrat. Boil down everything that is said against Hancock, and take up in detail every accusation, and all that remains is: He is a Democrat. I remember while I was in Washington from 1858 to 1861, to 1865, this objection was not so fashionable as it is now. When a Democrat came in with a Pennsylvania regiment we were as glad to see him as if he had brought a mine of gold. When remembering the fact that every successful soldier, without exception, was born in the Democratic party, and still retains that lingering love for the party which all men retain for the home in which they were reared, is it strange that the hearts of the masses who fought in our war yearn to such a man as Hancock, and, whether these masses were Democrats or whether they were republicans, are proud that such a soldier should have been put forward as President?

The politicians saw General Grant presented for the Presidency at Chicago two months ago. He had served them and the Republic as no other man had ever served a nation or a party. In England he and his posterity would have been enobled all their lives, and yet the very men whom he fed and fatened in office hunted him as if he had been a highwayman; and at the very moment after they had, so to speak, assassinated him, they rushed in hot haste to confer the Presidential purple upon an Ohio politician who is so barnacled and blasted and tabooed with offences against the law that since he has been placed upon their ticket for Presidency it is daily becoming a question whether they shall not pull him off as hastily as they put him on. Such is the gratitude of party. Look into every county of Pennsylvania, into every ward of Philadelphia, into every county of every Northern State, and see whether under these same influences, the spectacle enacted at Chicago several weeks ago is not on a similiar scale repeated there. Gratitude to culture in Philadelphia, gratitude to integrity, gratitude to experience, gratitude to the veteran who fought for the Republic in Philadelphia, gratitude to the colored men, with their ready assistance at every election! Where is it? Find it for me. Your large salaries, larger some of them than those paid to the President of the United States, where do they go? How far does this medicine of gratitude apply to those who give out these great salaries? And to statesmanship, I refer you to your City Councils and to your State Legislature. To crown all, study how these men who own these offices persecute those who differ from them. Providing for themselves they punish all whom they think may at some time become candidates for their places. At my side sits an old Republican, William Calhoun who has lived here all his life. The story he tells about local politics here, and punctuates by his own experience, would shame the legends of the bull-dozing of the South.

If the election for President in November could be conducted with the omnipresence of office, it the men paid out of the public treasury to do the work of the government were not a regular praetorian guard, there would be no more chance of a decent vote for General Garfield in November next, than there is for Mr. Weaver, the gentleman who has been named as the Greenback candidate for that high office. But as it is, this offical army, blind and deaf to reason, driven by men who receive almost royal remuneration for doing nothing, is an influence that would be entirely resistless if, in this world of a republic, there were not other agencies before which the dependencies of government must not quail and fall. It is the happy fact of the present time that while an immense amount of money is squandered in what is called civil service, there are millions of men who earn their livelihood, not only by mere physical labor, but by their skill of hand, by applying art to mechanics, by making industry a science, and by elevating what are called the trades of the day to a higher plain, until the word artisan dignifies and signifies a human product without parallel.'

It is among these millions that I find the antidote to the disease of official interference in our elections and in the management of our parties. Do you think the skilled working men of the United states, free to think and fearless to act, in the present struggle sympathize with the office holders? Do you think they read the blighted record of James A. Garfield and accept the party cry that it is not a faithful picture of his public life? Do you think these men have read the thrilling history of Winfield S. Hancock without enthusiasm? Above all, can you conceive that they are cold and unresponsive to the present condition of the Southern people? I know what a power they have been and still are. But I know that no class of American citizens have improved more than the high class of workmen. Before the cival war these men were all Democrats; yet when the war broke out the mass rushed to the defense of the government. It is a fact quite reconcilable with this theory that most the leading manufacturers of the North were old line Whigs. But when the war broke out masters and men, with very few exceptions became republicans. Now things have been reversed, and the Democratic party is receiving back the contributions it made to the country twenty years ago, and the name of General Hancock like that of General Jackson, comes to the mind and heart of every intelligent workingman in this country with a double charm. Because Hancock means a higher and nobler and purer evangelism than party, and because Hancock means comradeship and unity of hearts and of hands, the visible and invisible relationship between States and sections the friendship that binds the mechanic of Philadelphia to his friend in New Orleans, to his friend in San Francisco and to his friend in Boston. Such are the magicians silently and resistlessly working to the same common end.

The words of the speaker were listened to with unvarying interest, and almost every sentence was roundly applauded. The frequent mention of the name of Hancock called forth much enthusiasm.

Republican Newspapers on Garfield's Corruptions.

GARFIELD'S CREDIT MOBILIER RECORD.

From his own sworn testimony before the Poland Committee, Jan. 14, 1873.

I never owned, received, or agreed to receive any stock of the Credit Mobilier or of the Union Pacific Railroad, nor any dividends or profits arising from either of them.

From Judge Poland's Report Feb. 18, 1873 —Garfield's testimony perjured.

The facts in regard to Garfield, as found by the committee, are that he agreed with Mr. Ames to take ten shares of Credit Mobilier stock, but did not pay for the same. Mr. Ames received the eighty per cent dividend in bonds and sold them for ninety-seven per cent., and also received the sixty per cent. cash dividend, which, together with the price the stock and interest, left a balance of $329. This sum was paid over to Mr. Garfield by a check on the sergeant-at-arms, and Mr. Garfield then understood this sum was the balance of dividends after paying for the stock.

HOW THEY VIEWED IT THEN.

Criticisms of the leading Philadelphia Journals on Credit Mobilier in 1873.

ALL GUILTY—DIFFERING ONLY IN DEGREE.

(From the Public Ledger, Ind., Feb. 28, 1873.)

If Oakes Ames is guilty of bribing or otherwise corrupting his fellow-members (and the evidence shows that he is) then some of them must have been bribed or corrupted. There is not one of them who made a public denial of his alleged connection with the "Credit Mobilier" who did not falsify the real facts by prevarication or by suppressing essential truth, or by false suggestion, or by direct falsehood—proved to be falsehood by the record evidence. * If these members did not feel that their Credit Mobilier transactions were dishonorable why did they resort to prevarication and concealment in their first denials.

THEIR MEAN, TRICKY, FALSE DENIALS.

(From the Public Ledger, Ind., Feb 28, 1873.)

* Then came their mean, tricky, false denials, shifts, evasions and fast following explanations of their explanations, every change in which showed more and more their own sense of their own culpability. There never was an instance in which men holding a public trust were more thoroughly covered with proof of malfeasance in office. The guilty knowledge of all these men was as visible as the plunder of the government money was stupendous. And Congress punishes all this by passing its partial resolutions of censure, letting the guilty go free upon the false pretense of having no jurisdiction. This is so transparent a sham that it will command the belief of no one possessing the commonest intelligence.

NOT ONE FIT TO SIT AS A LAW-MAKER.

(From the Evening Telegraph, Rep., February 18, 1873.)

* There is not one man whom the testimony of Oakes Ames has connected with the Credit Mobilier who is fit to sit in the seat of the law-maker. If Oakes was the bribe-giver, they must have been the bribe-takers.

THE DELIBERATE AND WILFUL LYING.

(From the Evening Telegraph, Rep., February 26th, 1873.)

* The bribe-taker is as guilty as the bribe-giver, and Mr. Ames dedcidedly objects to be made a scapegoat for the sins of other people. For him to work corruption with his Credit Mobilier stock there must have been some corrupt material for him to work with, and admitting that the accused parties from Vice-President down, were ignorant of Ames' motives in the first place, what can be said in extenuation of the wilful and deliberate lying they have indulged in from the time an exposure of this infamous business was first hinted at, through the whole progress of the investigation up to the present moment.

OAKES AMES' BRIBE-TAKERS AND LIARS.

(From the Evening Telegraph, Rep., February 27th, 1873.)

* Andrew Johnson, whatever might have been said of his sins commission or omission, was an angel of light in comparison with Oakes Ames and his sneaking crew of bribe-takers and liars, from the Vice-President down to the member from Ohio who spits his venom at the press because the press has done its duty in exposing a gigantic wrong.

IDLE TO ATTEMPT AN IMPOSSIBLE VINDICATION.

(Editorial letter in Press, Rep., Feb. 28 '73.)

* The denial at the beginning has placed them and all those who desire to rescue them in the most embarrassing position, for that proved that they were ashamed of the transaction. And when the fact appeared that the accused had taken the stocks with a full knowledge of the exaggerated dividends, and when this fact was clinched and rivited by unfortunate contradictions before the committee, it was idle to attempt an impossible vindication. *

ALONE IN THE EXTENT OF ITS DEMORALIZATION.

(From the Inquirer, Rep., February 27, 1873)

So many prominent men whom the country delighted to honor have hereby been stripped bare of their good names and compelled to appear before the world covered with the shame of their crimes and misdemeanors. It is right that the hypocrite's should be exposed.

THE ONUS UPON THE COUNTRY.

The responsibility of Congress is at an end in this business. It has been remanded to the country, and if the convicted members are returned to the places they have disgraced, the onus of it will be upon the country.

THE NOTORIOUS, DOWNRIGHT LYING.

(From the North American, Rep. Feb. 27 '73.)

And it may be properly added in the same lines that much dissatisfaction exists in the community that all of the arguments and debates in the case have overlooked a point more universally condemned than the crimes alleged and more susceptible of proof—the notorious downright lying of some of the individuals inculpated.

COMMENTS OF BUFFALO NEWSPAPERS

(Buffalo Commercial, February 21, 1873.)

The prominent congressmen whose names were first used in connection with the Credit Mobilier, were Blaine, Dawes, Kelley, Bingham, Schofield and GARFIELD, and besides these Vice-President Colfax, * Mr. Blaine comes out of it without a stain upon his record. HIS COLLEAGUES CERTAINLY DID HOLD THE STOCK AND LIED ABOUT IT.

(Buffalo Commercial, February, 22 1873.)

Influential Republican journals mention that every one of the Congressmen who dabbled with the Credit Mobilier stock OUGHT TO BE PUBLICALLY CENSURED.

(Buffalo Commercial, February 27, 1873.)

Should Congress decide to let the culprits escape they must all know by this time that THEY HAVE BEEN CONDEMNED AT THE BAR OF PUBLIC OPINION.

(Buffalo Commercial March 1, 1873.)

Now the case has gone to the people. They will not split hairs in finding out whether they can open the public record of a man who has certain pages that he would like to conceal from examination. The people will preside at the ballot-box as their tribunal. When those who have betrayed the confidence reposed in them come up for trial—*if they ever dare to do it*—THEY WILL BE REJECTED AS WICKED AND UNPROFITAALE PUBLIC SERVANTS. This is the decree utered by the voice of the press to-day. It says to each one of those who are afraid to punish corruption, "Thou art weighed in the balance and found wanting."

(Buffalo Express February 20th, 1873.)

It is wrong to raise an indiscriminate howl against every one who ever looked at Credit Mobilier stock, or to make every man responsible for the guilt of others. Our own opinion, based on such hasty consideration as we have been able to give the facts, is that Dawes is innocent; that Scofield and Bingham have been guilty of an impropriety which should subject them to censure; and that Kelley and GARFIELD HAVE SO MISREPRESENTED THE FACTS, AND ENDEAVORED TO DISGUISE THE TRANSACTION AS A LOAN THAT A MORE SEVERE PUNISHMENT WOULD NOT BE OUT OF PLACE.

Judge Black on Hancock.

THE ATTEMPT TO BASTARDIZE ORDER NO. 40. AN ELOQUENT TRIBUTE TO HANCOCK.

Judge Black's Paris Letter to N. Y. World.

It has often happened that the best things of the greatest men are attributed to others who are wholly incapable of them. The opinion was industriously propagated and accepted by a great many that Hamilton wrote the Farewell Address of Washington, but the evidence is conclusive which shows that every word of that immortal production came from Washington himself, and Hamilton could not have written it any more than he could have made a world. Some of Jackson's most characteristic papers, bearing the impress of his own mind, were habitually credited to persons of far inferior ability. When it was charged against Jefferson that he wrote Logan's speech he solemnly declared that he was unequal to such a composition. I am not affecting modesty when I claim credence of my present denial for a similar reason. I could not have written Hancock's No. 40—not because I pretend to be dumb or rather unskilled in the use of English words, but because if I had undertaken to write it the chances are ninety-nine in a hundred that *my* argumentation would have marred its majestic simplicity and greatly diminished its power. When a public man, especially a military man, meets a grave responsibility, saying no more nor less than just the thing he ought, but saying that with unequivocal clearness, you may be sure he is the interpreter of his own thoughts. At any rate the attempt is unjust to bastardize No. 40 by assigning it to an origin totally different from the true one.

Why should my opinion be asked or volunteered on General Hancock as a civilian? Anybody else who has watched his life is as good a judge as I, and there are thousands who know him much better. But since the question is propounded I will answer, subject to fair correction, that he has in him the highest and best qualities of a republican rule. I think his fidelity to sound principles, coupled with his sound judgment, will entitle him to rank well with the Presidents of former times. I do not compare him with Washington, for the grandeur of that character is and will remain forever unapproachable, but I do say that Washington, if placed in his situation, would acted precisely as he did. His patriotism has not the impulsive ardor of Jackson's; but his fidelity to the truth, his love of justice and his scorn of wrong are quite as unmistakable. He is not a doctrinaire like Jefferson, for his busy life has left him no time to study the abstract philosophy of politics, but his practical good sense knows the right intuitively and always catches the nearest way to do it. If he be elected, the ability of his administration will inspire universal respect and his moderation and magnanimity will conciliate even his enemies. I have the fullest faith that he will not only keep his oath to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution, but will so carry out its provisions that the great objects of its framers as expressed in the preamble will be fully accomplished: "To form a more perfect Union, to establish justice, to insure domestic tranquility, to provide for the common defense, to promote the general welfare and to secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity."

The De Golyer Fee.

HOW GARFIELD WAS "RETAINED" WITH A $5,000 CHECK, WITHOUT A CASE TO ARGUE.

One of the most notorious of the many corrupt contracts made by Boss Shepherd was that awarded to De Golyer & McClellan of Chicago for laying a wood pavement. This contract covered 200,000 yards at $3 50 a yard, which the Superintendent of the contractor swore could be put down at $1.50 a yard, every item of cost included. So there was a clearance profit of $400,000 to be divided. To further this job, which was preliminary to others to follow, the sum of $97,000 was expended. It was given out in the spring of 1872. At that time Richard C. Parsons was Marshal of the Supreme Court and had converted that office into a headquarters for the lobby. He was known to be an intimate friend of Garfield, and the ring wanted Garfield's aid as chairman of the appropriations. The agent of the contractors employed Parsons, with a fee of $15,000, as "counsel," although there was no cause to urge, no contest of any kind and no tribunal to appear before. It was a sham to throw dust in the eyes of the public. Parsons paid Garfield $5,000 as his share July 12, 1872, for which he was forced to admit before the investigation that he made no argument, oral or written; had never appeared before the Board of Public Works, and had only once spoken to Boss Shepherd on the subject. That "fee" was a bribe out and out, and nothing else, as was subsequently shown. Garfield became the agent of the ring, and through his influence and activity $3,500,000 were voted to Boss Shepherd and his confederates in less than sixty days, between the 8th of January and the 3rd of March, 1873."—*N. Y. World.*

There will be no bolting this fall. The Democratic party will support the nominees of the convention, and they will be elected by unusually large majorities.

Hon. S. R. Mason of Mercer, the Greenback nominee for Governor in 1878, denies indignantly the rumor that he has gone over to the Republicans. He has left the Greenback ranks to return to his first love, the Democracy. Let all Democratic Greenbackers follow their leader's good example.

Your Money or Your Place.

(New York Evening News, August 13th, 1880.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.

To the Editor of the News: I am in the Custom-house, receiving a salary of $100 a month. I have received the following letter, with an intimation that I must pay $25 a month for three months, making $75 in all, for the purpose of helping the campaign:

J. A. Hubbell, Chr'n.
E. McPherson, Sec.

Headquarters of the Republican Congressional Committee, —1879— 1,317 F st. Northwest Washington, D. C.

Executive Com.
Hon. W. B. Allison,
Hon. Ed. H. Rollins,
Hon. Frank Hiscock,
Hon. H. M. Dunnell,
Hon. G. S. Orth,
Hon. Wm. McKinley,
Hon. J. Forgensen,
Hon. Geo. R. Davis,
Hon. H. G. Fisher,

WASHINGTON, (——), 1880.

Sir: This committee is organized for the protection of the interest of the Republican party in each of the Congressional districts of the Union. In order that it may prepare print and circulate suitable documents, illustrating the issues which distinguish the Republican party from every other, and may meet all proper expenses incident to the campaign, the committee feels authorized to apply to all citizens whose interests of principle are involved in the struggle. Under the circumstances in which the country finds itself placed, the committee believe that you will esteem it both a privilege and a pleasure to make to its fund a contribution which, it is hoped, may not be less than seventy-five dollars. The committee is authorized to state that such voluntary contribution from persons employed in the service of the United States will not be objected to in any official quarter.

The labors of the committee will affect the result of the presidential as as well as the congressional struggle, and it may, therefore, reasonably hope to have the sympathy and assistance of all who look with dread upon the possibility of the restoration of the Democratic party to the control of the government.

Please make prompt and favorable response to this letter by bank check, or draft, or postal money order, payable to the order of George Frs. Dawson, treasurer, Post-office lock box 723, Washington, D. C.

By order of the committee,
EDWARD MCPHERSON, Secretary.

The Republican Congressional Committee will never get such an outrageous sum from me.

CLERK.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
NEW YORK SUN
For the Campaign.

THE WEEKLY SUN will be found a useful auxiliary by all who are earnestly working for the reform of the National Government. Believing that the evils which have so long beset the country can be cured only by a change of the party in power, THE SUN earnestly supports for President and Vice-President HANCOCK and ENGLISH.

In order that all those who sympathize with our purpose may most efficiently co-operate with us, we will send THE WEEKLY SUN to clubs, or single subscribers, post paid, **for twenty-five cents** for the next three months.

Address THE SUN, NEW YORK CITY.
aug 20 '80-1m.

BAYARD TAYLOR

Said: "I take great pleasure in recommending to parents to the Academy of Mr. Swiftin C. Shortlidge."

HON. FERNANDO WOOD

Says: "I cheerfully consent to the use of my name as reference. My boys will return to you (for their fourth year) after vacation."

For new illustrated circular address Swiftin C. Shortlidge, A. M., Harvard University Graduate, Media, Pa. aug 20 '80-1m

State Fair.

Twenty-Seventh Annual Exhibition
OF THE
Penn'a Agricultural Society.
WILL BE HELD IN
Main Centennial Building,
Fairmont Park, PHILADELPHIA,
SEPTEMBER 6 TO 18,

ENTRIES AND COMPETITION FREE!

INTERNATIONAL SHOW
—OF—
SHEEP WOOL AND WOOL PRODUCTS,
SEPTEMBER 20 TO 25 1880

Entry Books will close at the Office, North-west corner Tenth and Chestnut Streets, August 31 1880.

$40,000 IN PREMIUMS.

Cash Prizes for Live Stock $24,315

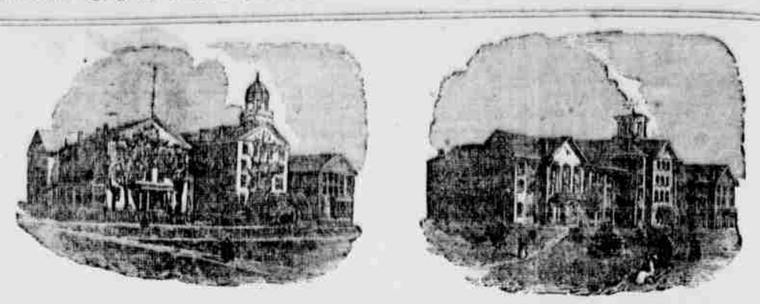
Excursion Tickets at greatly Reduced Rates.

Liberal arrangements for transportation.

D. W. SEILER Recording Sec'y. ELDRIDGE MOON. KEY, Corresponding Sec'y. Wm. S. RISSELL. President. aug 20, '80-4t.

July 16, '80—tf

SONGS, One Cent Each



WYOMING SEMINARY AND COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

THE WYOMING SEMINARY IS A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

It offers to students the following Courses of Study: Common English, Normal Course, Literature and Science, Classical Course College Preparatory Course, Course in Music, and Course in Art. Students not desiring to take any one of the Courses of Study may take any studies which they are prepared to enter. Prices within the reach of all.

The Commercial College gives instruction in penmanship, Commercial Law, Political Economy, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Correspondence, Telegraphy, and Book-keeping as applied to business of all kinds. Five telegraph offices, two banks, &c.

Fall term opens September 1st. Commercial students address REV. L. L. SPRAGUE, A. M., and all others REV. D. COPELAND D., D., Kingston, Luzerne county, Pa. July 16-6w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Administrators of William White, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises in Scott township, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 28, 1880,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following valuable REAL ESTATE, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate partly in Scott township and partly in Orange township in said county of Columbia, designated and described in the plan and writ of partition as "those two lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate in Scott township and Orange township in said county of Columbia, the first bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone in the public road in the line of land of Sampson Townsend, formerly Daniel Mellick, and running thence by the same and land of Abraham White, north fourteen and one-fourth degrees west two hundred perches and two-tenths to a post, thence by land of the said Abraham White, formerly William White south eighty-three degrees west one hundred perches to a stone, thence by lands of the estate of Peter Eut, deceased, formerly Matthew McDowell, south one and one-half degrees east nineteen perches and seven-tenths to a pine stump south twenty-three degrees east forty perches to a stone, south seven and a half degrees east 62 perches to a stone, south 73 degrees west four perches and seven-tenths perches to a stone, formerly the Sloak, thence by land of A. B. White, formerly George John south fourteen and one-fourth degrees fifty-six and eight-tenths perches to stone, thence by land of Mason Johnson, formerly Charles Bachman north seventy-nine and three-fourth degrees east twelve perches and seven-tenths to a stone, thence by lot of Alexander Creveling and the other contiguous lot hereafter described north seventy-nine and three-fourth degrees east forty-six perches and eight-tenths to a post, formerly maple, south thirteen degrees, east eleven perches and four-tenths to a white oak stump by the public road aforesaid, thence along the same north seventy-one degrees east thirty-three perches to the place of beginning, containing

EIGHTY-NINE ACRES AND EIGHT PERCHES

and allowance of six per cent for roads.

The second bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the said white oak stump by the public road, thence by the other land north thirteen degrees west eleven perches and four tenths to a post, formerly maple, south seventy-nine and three-fourth degrees west thirty-three and a half perches to a black oak now a stone, south 14½ degrees east 12 perches and 7-10 to a stone thence by lot of Alexander Creveling south thirteen and three-fourth degrees east thirteen and one-tenth perches to a stone in the road, thence along the same north seventy-six and three-fourth degrees east, thirty-five perches and one-half to the place of beginning, containing TWO ACRES and ninety-four perches, making a total of 91 acres and one hundred and two perches, and the allowances, with the appurtenances. There are on the premises a

LARGE DWELLING HOUSE, A LARGE AND GOOD BANK BARN,

two wells of water, one at the house and the other at the barn, good orchard, fences in good condition and land in a good state of cultivation.

Possession given April 1st, 1881.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent, at the confirmation absolute and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

J. M. WHITE,
GEORGE CONNER, } Administrators
C. W. MILLER, Attorney. aug. 6, '80-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises in Salem township, Luzerne county, Pa., on the line of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, and the public road leading from Berwick to Shickshinny on

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1880,

beginning at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate to-wit: All that certain MESSUAGE AND TRACT OF LAND

situate in Salem township, Luzerne county, Pa., 3½ miles south of Shickshinny, bounded as follows: On the north by land of Lee Stewart, on the south by Jacob Gould, on the east by the North Branch of the Susquehanna River and on the west by land of Jonas Rabert and C. Smethers, containing

TWO HUNDRED AND TWENTY-NINE ACRES

more or less, on which is erected a

DOUBLE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

and LARGE FRAME BARN and numerous outbuildings. 140 acres is cleared and in good farming condition. The balance is thickly covered with good young OAK, PINE, and CHESTNUT TIMBER. There is a well of good water at the door and springs on the farm for watering stock. The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, and Pennsylvania Canal and Susquehanna River run through the farm. The farm is desirably located for fruit, truck and dairy farming, being in close proximity, (1½ miles) to the mining town of Shickshinny and convenient either by railroad or water to the entire Wyoming and Lackawanna coal fields, where good prices may be obtained at all times for the products of farm or dairy. TERMS—Five on day of sale; $500 when possession is given and the balance in easy yearly payments which will be made known on day of sale.

aug. 6-ts DEBORAH DOAK.

WATER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors, a general meeting of the stockholders of the Bloomsburg Water Company will be held at the office of Frank P. Billmeyer, Secretary, in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, September 15th, '80, at two o'clock in the afternoon for the special purpose of taking action on indebtedness and issuing bonds to secure the same.

FRANK P. BILLMEYER,
Bloomsburg, July 14, '80-tf Secretary of Board.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF OLIVER WATTS, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Oliver Watts, late of the township of Centre, Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment without delay.

EDWARD WAGNER,
July 16, '80-6w* Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELISHA ROBBINS, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Elisha Robbins, late of Jackson township, Columbia co., Penna., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said co. to the undersigned Administrators. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Administrators without delay.

EZERIEL FRITZ,
W. P. ROBBINS,
Administrators,
Aug. 13, '80 6w* Waller's P. O., Columbia Co.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, at 2 p. m., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th, 1880,

the following described property situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the south by Sixth street, east by land of Simon Quinn, east by an alley, west by lot of S. Schuyler, being forty-five feet front and one hundred and fifty feet deep, on which lot are erected a small one story frame dwelling house. There is also a fine selection of fruit trees on the premises.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Cortez B. Robbins, administrator of D. W. Robbins, deceased, against Frederick Weimar and to be sold as the property of Frederick Weimar.

BARKLEY, Atty. Al. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situated in Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: On the south by lands of Lloyd Appleman, on the east by land of Peter Appleman's estate, on the north by lands of Robert Colley, and on the west by lands of Peter Laubach, containing nine acres more or less, on which is erected a small plank dwelling house.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of J. J. McHenry against John E. Appleman and to be sold as the property of John E. Appleman.

LITTLE, Attorneys. Fi Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situated in Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the south by lands of Ithram Hess, east by lands of Benton Mutual Saving Fund Association and John Alexander, on the west by lands of Thomas Bender, and on the north by lands of Benton Saving Fund Association, containing sixty-five acres of land more or less, on which are erected a large two-story frame dwelling house, a large bank barn, wagon shed and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of A. P. Young, administrator of Mercy Ann Roberts, deceased, against John Hantz, Jonas Hantz and Abram Hartman, and to be sold as the property of John and Jonas Hentz.

IKELER, Atty. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a white oak, thence by lands of Charles Ash north eight and a half degrees east eighty-eight and four-tenths perches to a stone, thence north forty and a half degrees east twenty and eight-tenths perches to a maple and stone, thence by land of Thos. Bellas north one and a half degrees west fifteen and six-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of William Appleman north sixty-two and a half degrees west twenty-seven and three-tenths perches to a stone in the public road, thence by other lands formerly of John Hantz south fifty-six and three-quarter

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 20, 1880

PUBLIC SALES.

Samuel Lehr, administrator of Joseph Lehr, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Beaver township, on Saturday August 28.

J. M. White and George Conner, administrators of William White deceased, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Scott township on Saturday, August 28.

Joseph Breach and E. M. Tewksbury, administrators of Isaac Breach, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Catawissa township on Tuesday August 31.

Deborah Doak will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Salem township, Luzerne county on Wednesday, September 15, 1880.

C. C. Robbins, of Watsontown, was in town a few days ago.

Col. A. D. Seeley, of Berwick, attended the encampment at Philadelphia, last week.

The St. James Missionary Society will meet on Saturday evening of this week and will be addressed by Rev. W. Goodrich.

A Hancock club was organized in Centralia this week. Fifty-five names were enrolled at the first meeting, and many more will be added. The good work is going on.

As Hancock clubs are being organized all over the county, we request the secretaries to furnish us with a list of officers, and reports of the meetings.

If your wife has lost her health, the Great Mexican Remedy will be found a sure and swift restorative. Ask your druggist for it.

The report of the Harvest Home Celebration at Zaner's Grove was crowded out. Will appear next week.

Friendship Fire Company of this place, will hold a Fair and Festival in Evans' Hall on Friday and Saturday evenings, August 27th and 28th.

WANTED—Kindling wood wanted at this office on subscription. The wood should be cut from 12 to 15 inches in length, any thickness. Market price will be paid.

The Rev. Goodrich will preach at the following places on next Sabbath: at Zion in the morning, at St. James in the afternoon, and at Orangeville in the evening.

The decorations of the hall of the Hancock Club are handsome, and the transparency, which was illuminated for the first time on Wednesday night, is attractive. The names are all correctly spelled too.

Our readers should remember that the A. S. T. Co.'s Black Tip, advertised in another column, will wear as long as the metal tip, while at the same time adding to the beauty of the shoe.

The town has purchased a hose carriage for the Rescue boys, and it will be here the first of next week. We are informed they intend to man both the carriage and the truck. This is the proper thing to do and will add greatly to the fire department.

We were greatly amused some days since, by seeing one of our venerable citizens, who had been bowed down with Rheumatism, throw away his crutches, and declare himself just as young as he used to be, and now he is recommending Robert's Embrocation to every old lady in town. Great liniment that. aug 6-1m

The Friendship and Rescue Companies appeared on the streets on Tuesday evening with their apparatus, with coats off, ready for a race. They started on Main and ran down Market. The result was unsatisfactory and they are going to try it over again. The Rescue Boys claim to have come out ahead.

CENTRE FLASHES.

The grand festival at Hidlay Union church was a grand success. Although cloudy and rainy in the afternoon, the sky cleared in the evening and before 8 o'clock a large number of the farmers and their families had gathered in the grove which was well lighted by beacon lights erected about the woods. The tables, loaded with provision, were arranged in a square. Around these tables were gathered groups of neighbors, treating their honest faces to the roast beef and other substantials or complacently closing their smiling lips over the delicious cake or cooling ice cream. Later in the evening, the young people turned in from different places till the grove was filled and success seemed a certainty. Espy and Afton cornet bands furnished music for the occasion. Both bands play very well and the manner in which they conduct themselves on such occasions, is an honor to the boys. The ladies who waited on the tables deserve praise for their kind attention. The peanut Johnnies and popcorn Sallies did their parts admirably, while a visit to the candy stand, and a call on "Lemo" and "Watermillion John" would repay you for the money you would spend. But that Post Mistress who shut herself up in a closed office, and handed you your letters through a "small hole in the blind" should have a prize. It was said that she kept three clerks and a door keeper but all you could see when you received your letter was a pair of eyes, and the words that greeted you were "five cents for postage." And there was the ticket agent who sat in his pen and scraped in the quarters and dimes with a smile which, if understood, undoubtedly meant, "Thank you, take another, only 25 cents." To make a long story short, the whole affair was a complete success, an honor to the managers. Proceeds $145; expenses about $45; net proceeds $100. To be applied for the church and Sunday school.

The Misses Ohl, of Mauch Chunk, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Levi Aikman.

The board of school directors met last Saturday for the purpose of receiving bids and letting the building of a school house to be erected near and instead of the Whitmire and Shellhammer school houses. Quite a number of bids were received, but Charles Krug, of Bloomsburg, being the lowest bidder, was awarded the contract. After carefully considering the matter it was decided to build two houses, also one at the Hidley district. Charles Krug received both contracts, his bid for the two houses being one thousand dollars. Size of buildings 28 x 32 feet. Mr. Krug is a close contractor. The board were unanimous in the adoption of the "Triumph" desk for both houses. They have used "Lewisburg" in one house for five years and could not be persuaded to use more of them. The new buildings are to be completed by October 20th.

Mr. A. L. Gill of Trenton N. J. who was stopping at Mr. Creasy's was fortunate enough to secure the "guess cake" at the festival. It was a fine cake we know for Mr. Gill was generous enough to divide the spoil. Thanks to Mr. G——.

Mr. J. P. Welsh of Orangeville who is home from Lafayette college during vacation, spent a short time in the valley—come again Perry.

One of our old farmers who was wrestling with one of the boys last week and sprained his ankle should remember "I am not so young as I used to be."

Would it not be well for Hidlay to follow the example of Fowlersville and purchase an organ with the proceeds of their festival?

Why not raise the wages of the school teachers to a living rate and educate the children at home. We will now have good houses and all we want is good teachers.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. Nov. 21-1y.

The water works were tested last week and found satisfactory so far as fire plugs are concerned. A large stream was thrown a considerable distance. Water has now been turned on all parts of the town. The reservoir will be completed in a few days.

LAST NOTICE.

Persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the undersigned on book account for *job work* and *advertising* will please settle before October 1st, 1880. The firm of Brockway & Elwell was dissolved on October 1st, 1879, and since that time we have been sending out statements frequently with but little success. Many who are well able to pay have given no attention to them. Now, our books must be closed. All accounts remaining unsettled on the first day of October, 1880, will be placed in a justice's hands for collection. As we shall send a statement to all persons indebted to us, before that time, no one can complain that they had no notice. The above does not apply to balances due on subscription, though we shall be glad to have those settled also.

Aug. 20-5w C. B. BROCKWAY, GEO. E. ELWELL,

Garfield is the way the republicans spell it on their transparency. They have had so much trouble in defending his character that they have not had time to learn how he spells his name.

Englishmen formerly supposed that American running horses were very inferior to theirs but during the last two years Parole, Wallenstein and other fast ones that were sent from this country to England, have won hundreds of thousands of dollars, for such Americans as the Messrs. Lorillard, James Gorden Bennett, &c. The Englishmen have investigated the reasons for the great success of the American horses, and find that they are kept in such fine condition by the constant use of M. B. Roberts' Horse Powders. july 2-2m

The Hancock Club was well attended on Wednesday night. Remarks were made by W. J. Buckalew, H. E. Smith, J. M. Clark, R. R. Little and others. A number of new names were added to the list, which now numbers 320, all solid Hancock men. Some have heretofore voted the Republican and Greenback tickets, but they are straight now. By the way will the *Republican* please give us the name of a single democrat who has joined their club. If it cannot then it should not attempt to deceive the public.

Since the English gentlemen as well as the Messrs. Lorillard, James Gordon Bennett, &c., have found so much virtue in Robert's Horse Powders, and have used it in such quantities; all persons who are alive to their interests give it to their horses, whether runners, trotters or farm horses. It has a wonderful effect. aug6lm

BENTON, Aug. 13.

On Thursday evening, August 12th, a meeting was called in this place for the purpose of organizing a Garfield and Arthur club, at which meeting your towneman, Mr. Brown, was present. At 9 p. m., the house being called to order, consisting of six Republicans, four Democrats and one Greenbacker, Mr. Brown made a few remarks. The six Republicans signed, and the immense crowd dispersed. We advise Mr. Brown to make another trip up Fishingcreek, as we think it a great advantage to his health, but not for the purpose of organizing any more Garfield and Arthur clubs.

FROM ONE PRESENT.

Robert's Horse Powders were formerly used amongst the runners and other valuable horses but now since the price has been reduced to 25 cents per package, all can afford to use them. aug6 1m

At a meeting of the Democratic County Committee held last week after the convention David Lowenberg was re-elected Chairman, and C. G. Barkley was elected Secretary. There were twenty members present, which is an unusually large attendance.

Robert's Poultry Powders are guaranteed to cure poultry of all diseases, if given before the fowls refuse to eat. Sure cure for cholera. We have tried it and advise all to use it. aug 6lm

[COMMUNICATED.]

EDS. COLUMBIAN:

On last Saturday evening the citizens of Fishingcreek met at the school house near J. B. Stokers and organized a Hancock and English club. Samuel Smith was elected President and Cyrus Robbins Secretary C. G. Barkley addressed the meeting. All were pleased. The Benton Band came in just as Mr. Barkley was speaking, it was rather a surprise, come again gentlemen; you can count on old Fishingcreek doing her whole duty this fall by giving Hancock and English more than her usual majority. Friend Lowenberg was along with Mr. Barkley. Davy has a great many warm friends in Fishingcreek. C. R.

Sines' Dysentery Compound when taken according to directions, will instantaneously cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, and all other bowel complaints. aug 6-1m

PERSONAL.

Miss Waller of Honesdale is visiting at her uncle's, Rev. D. J. Waller.

Mr. Weirman, Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Canal. Capt. J. Meehan of Wyoxx, and Thomas Weirman, engineer of the Penna. Canal, were in town Wednesday and Thursday, on legal business.

Hudson Owen of Berwick had business in town on Wednesday.

Miss Maude Freeze has gone to Bellefonte to visit friends.

Mr. Hand of Scranton was in town the first of the week, visiting friends.

Travelers should always have a small bottle of Sines' Dysentery Compound for immediate relief from any bowel complaints, guaranteed to tone up the stomach at once to a healthy condition. aug 6-1m

LIGHT STREET LOCALS.

Mr. J. P. Krebs of Lock Haven is visiting his father.

Misses Sadie and Lydia Thomas of Williamsport are visiting friends here.

Bass fishing is the employment of a great many. There is a fine lot of them being caught here.

A great many of our people are spending this week at Mountain Grove camp meeting.

Our leading Democrats are working hard for Hancock and English.

The daughter of Mr. J. M. C. Rank is now at home rusticating for a few weeks.

Mothers, don't fail to have Sine's Dysentery Compound on hand, for the relief of your little babe when attacked with any bowel complaint. It contains no morphine nor opium, yet its soothing effect will give the little sufferer so much relief, that he will at once fall into a gentle sleep, and give his mother an opportunity to rest, as well as every provoked bachelor of the house. aug 6 1m

The Democracy of the county are solid in the support of Hancock. Clubs are being formed every where, and the prospects are that we will roll up an unusual majority. Let us make it 2500 at the lowest. It can be done, and it looks very much now as though it will be done.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

AN IMPORTANT OPINION.

S. P. Kricklbaum, vs. The School Directors of Benton School District. — *No. — Sept. T. 1880. In Equity.*

Motion to continue injunction and motion to dissolve injunction.

OPINION OF THE COURT,

The school directors of Benton school district, at a special meeting held on the 17th of June, 1879, by a unanimous vote passed a resolution adopting a series of text books therein designated, for use in the schools of the district for the ensuing three years. No school teachers were present at the meeting, and none had then been elected for the current school year to teach in that district. In pursuance of the resolution, arrangements were made in writing with the agent of the publishing house of the books, to supply them for three months at a certain price, and if after that time it was desired that the house should furnish the books, they were to be furnished at a certain named discount from catalogue wholesale prices.

Under this arrangement a box of the books was shipped by the publishers to J. J. McHenry, one of the directors (according to agreement) which was subsequently returned, the books being unused.

On the 9th day of August, 1879, the school directors met, and according to the answer of the defendants and the affidavits of five persons, by the vote of five of their number (the complainant being one) passed a resolution to reconsider the resolution of the 17th of June before mentioned. The record kept by the Secretary contains no such resolution; on the contrary it set forth that an adjournment was had to the 23rd day of August "to see whether they would reconsider." Now it is not at all probable that a resolution to reconsider was passed, and that at the same meeting, another day was fixed to decide whether a reconsideration should be had. If no entry of the action of the board had been made, parol evidence would have been admissible for the purpose of showing what did take place. 22 St. Rep. 215.

But parol evidence in a collateral proceeding cannot be received to contradict the records of a town or any public corporation required by law to be kept in writing, or to show a mistake in the matters therein recorded. 1 Dillon, Mnup. Cor. 349. See 2362 Whart. Ev. sec. 987. If the record was not correct, the directors by resolution might have corrected it by amendment of the minutes to correspond with the facts.

It appears, that, from the time of the meeting in August to the present time, the resolution of the 17th June has not been regarded in the district as of binding authority. During the entire school year since that time other books than those designated by the resolution have been in general use in the schools of the district with the approbation and consent of the directors; and it is now proposed by the directors to adopt such other text books at a meeting to be called for that purpose. Against such action the complainant seeks to enjoin them by further continuance of the preliminary injunction granted *ex parte* at the filing of his bill.

The jurisdiction of school directors over the subject of text books for the schools of their district, is derived from, and is regulated by, Acts of Assembly, passed on the 8th day of May, 1854, and the 25th day of May, 1871. Purd. Dig. 244 pl. 55, and 260 pl. 148-9. By the 25th section of the Act of 1854, it is enacted as follows: "Immediately after the annual election of teachers in each school district of the State, and before the opening of the schools for the ensuing term, there *shall* be a meeting of the directors or controllers *and* teachers of each district; at which meeting the directors or controllers shall select and decide upon a series of school books in the different branches to be taught during the ensuing school year, which books and no other shall be used in the schools of the district during said period."

By the Act of 1871, the directors are forbidden to make any change in the series of text books more than once in three years. Any violation of this provision is made a misdemeanor and subjects an offending director, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars and to removal from office.

School directors may be enjoined from adopting a new series of text books except at the time prescribed by law. McNutt vs. School directors of Chartiers. 22 Pitts, L. J. 42. That is, if they, at a meeting constituted as required by the Act of Assembly have adopted a series of text books, no change shall be made until three years thereafter.

Whether the meeting of the 17th June, *before* the election of teachers was a legal meeting for the purpose of adopting text books for the schools or not, depends upon the proper construction of the statute. If that portion of the Act which relates to the presence of school teachers is merely *directory* the directors might legally act in their absence, but, if it is *mandatory* the action in their absence was invalid, and does not preclude the directors from proceeding according to law in the discharge of their duty.

It is not always easy to determine to which class the provisions of a statute belong. It is impossible to reconcile all the decisions of the Courts upon the subject, but, by reference to a few of them which appear to be proper aids to the construction of the statute in question, we may arrive at the intent of the legislature in regard to the subject under consideration.

Words in a statute which relate merely to the time, or manner of doing an act may be considered directory; but where they relate to the power to be exercised they are in general imperative. Bladen vs. Philadelphia 10 P. F. Smith 466. Where the thing directed to be done is of the essence of the thing required, the statute is mandatory. Norwegian Street 81 St. Rep. 349.

Where the directions of a statute are given with a view to the proper, orderly and prompt conduct of business merely, the provision may be regarded as directory. But where a fair interpretation of the statute which directs acts or proceedings in a certain way, shows that the legislature intended compliance with such provision to be *essential* to the validity of the act or proceeding; or where some antecedent and prerequisite condition must exist prior to the exercise of the power, the statute must be regarded as mandatory. Homer City vs. Omaha, cited 7 U. S. Digest N. S. 804 pl. 127. And, although the language of a statute is simply enabling, yet, if it confers a power which concerns the *public*, as well as individual, it is not merely permissive but is *mandatory*. People vs. Supervisors 11 Abb. N. Y. 35. Mason vs. Fearson 9 Hon. 248. 12 U. S. D., 752.

To say that a statute is directory, approaches so near legislative discretion, that this rule of construction ought to be applied by the courts with reluctance, and only in cases where public mischief would otherwise occur. Bishop on Statutory Crimes 256 and Note 8. Dreffoss vs. Bridges 45 Miss. Rep. 247. 3 U. S. D. 661. pl. 66. 12 Do. 753.

In the light of these reasonable rules, I am led to the conclusion that the provisions of the Act of 1854 which require that the meeting at which text books may be adopted for a district, *shall* be held *after* the election of teachers, and that it *shall* be composed of the school directors and *the teachers*, are mandatory and must be observed. The power conferred upon the directors is for the benefit of the people of their district. The legislature having full knowledge that school directors are not always elected because of their acquaintance with books, made it obligatory upon them in the performance of an important duty to discharge it in the presence, and impliedly, with the aid of, persons having the requisite knowledge.

It follows from this conclusion that the resolution of the directors of the 17th of June 1879 was *invalid*, and does not stand in the way of a selection and decision upon a series of school books at a meeting to be held according to the provisions of the Act of Assembly.

The granting or refusing a preliminary injunction is largely discretionary with the court. It is usually refused where there has been delay in making complaint, or when issuing it will produce more injury to others than advantage to the complainant. In this case, during one whole year other school books than those designated in the resolution have been procured and used by the patrons of the schools, with the consent of the directors and no steps have been taken until now by the complainant to enforce the resolution before mentioned. In fact, according to the affidavits he, as a school director, voted to reconsider that resolution.

I refer to that fact not for the purpose of affecting the record of the Secretary, but as a reason why he is not entitled to invoke in his behalf the strong arm of the law.

Aug 18, 1880. These motions came on to be heard and were argued by counsel whereupon upon consideration thereof it is ordered and adjudged that the preliminary injunction heretofore issued be dissolved.

WM. ELWELL,
President Judge.

Pennsylvania State College admits both sexes. Endowment half a million. Tuition *free*. Courses of study, Classical, Scientific and Agricultural. A thorough Preparatory Department. Expenses $3 to $5 per week. For catalogue, address Joseph Shortlidge, A. M., Pres. State College, Pa. aug18 10w

Don't forget the festival of the Bloomsburg cornet band in Harman's hall, this Friday, and to-morrow, Saturday evenings.

The Winona Fire Company will purchase a hose carriage and four hundred feet of hose soon.

It is sad and true that many children have filled untimely graves, by the neglect of their mothers to have Sines' Syrup of Tar, Horehound and Wild Cherry on hand. Every mother has a bottle this season of the year for immediate use. aug ulm

BERWICK LETTER.

EDS. COLUMBIAN:

KR. Kumler, pastor of the Presbyterian church, returned from his western trip, last week.

An attempt was made on Sunday night to rob John Little. Hearing the efforts made by the burglar to open the bed room door, he gave the alarm from a window, which had the effect of driving away the miscreant, who made good his escape.

Probably ten families from here are camping at Mountain Grove. It is said that the attendance there is not so large as in former years. The cold snap seems to have been a serious affair over there some of the campers having suffered severely.

The popular amusement for men in the evenings is quoits at present. From 6 o'clock until darkness interrupts them, they are gathered in the enclosure behind Buckingham's office earnestly contending for the championship. Frequently three sets are in lively operation.

The bass have not yet begun biting in a business-like manner; but a "boom" in that direction may be expected during the close of this month and the beginning of next.

REPORTER,

Berwick Pa., Aug. 18, '80.

The editor of the Edmore (Mich.) Gazette which now supports Hancock, was a supporter of Hayes in 1876.

ORANGEVILLE ITEMS.

Our School board, at their last meeting adopted the books published by D. Appleman & Co,

A great many of our people attended the harvest home in Zaner's Grove last Saturday. Judging from appearances they had a good time.

Mr. James Harman has added to his undertaking department, a new ice box with upper and lower chambers.

Mrs. Canfield and her adopted daughter are prostrated with typhoid fever.

A clergyman of this place has demonstrated the fact that a horizontal shingle roof will not turn water.

Our band is willing to play for any political party, but will vote only as they please.

Our cool nights make the front gate talk shorter and have something to do with tempering the political fever.

Our Doctors are quite busy, either politically or professionally.

The academy opened on Monday with 81 students.

During the dog days our dogs are having a jubilee, while "Harrys" collection of juvenile canines, right in the shadow of the Garfield flag make the nights hedious.

NETHERLAND.

It should be the aim of every owner of Horses, Cows, &c., to make them as handsome and useful as possible. The German Horse and Cow Powder helps to develop all the powers of the animal. It improves its beauty and increases its usefulness. It makes milk, mucle and fat. By using it a horse will do more work and a cow give more milk and be in better condition with less feed. Sold only by weight at 15 cents a pound by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg.
Dec 12, '79-1y

Lewis Loveless, a prominent republican of Pike county, Indiana, and formerly a candidate of his party for congress, has renounced his connection with the republican organization, and is out for Hancock and English.

Cameron Not Yet Satisfied.

Washington Dispatch to Baltimore Sun.

Representative Butterworth, of Cincinnati, was here and had a protracted talk with Secretary Sherman about the political outlook, and he left for Harrisburg to see Senator Cameron. It is current talk among Republicans that Cameron, since his return home, is holding off a little, and before jumping into the canvass wants to know whether he is to control the offices in Pennsylvania if Garfield is elected. It is asserted positively that they have not yet come to an understanding.

So it seems that Garfield is willing to sell out any thing and every thing to accomplish his purpose, whether it be his official influence to Oakes Ames, or to De Golyer or the salary grab; or still worse and more disgraceful, the offices which he may control, if the people should unfortunately elect him to the Presidency. If Cameron supports Garfield it will be because Garfield has sold out to him all the Pennsylvania patronage. If Conkling supports him in New York it will be for the same reason. Thus the offices are to be parcelled out to leaders, and the people are to be first sold out by these Republicans, and then plundered.

If we elect honest men to office we will have an honest administration of public affairs; but if the Garfields and Camerons and Conklings and Logans are chosen then the old crew of wreckers and plunderers will be at the head of affairs.

The medicines of DUNDAS DICK & Co. are unexcelled for elegance, purity, and reliability. Their Seidlitine Seidlitz Powders, are as pleasant as Lemonade. Their Soft Capsules are world famous. See Advt.
July 30, '80-6meow

Colonel James E. Marsh, Kansas City, Mo., formerly a republican, writes that he will take the stump in Iowa for Hancock. He is an able lawyer and a fine speaker.

THE CAMPAIGN COLUMBIAN

Only 75 cents for six months, or $1.50 a year in advance. Get up clubs and send in your name.

STATE FAIR AT PHILADELPHIA.

On Monday September 6th, the Twenty-seventh Annual Exhibition of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society will open at the Main Building, Centennial Grounds, Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, and continue eighteen days, closing on Saturday, September 25th; the last week of which period, viz: from September 20 to 25, will be devoted to the International Show of Sheep, Wool and Wool Products, for which purpose the liberal sum of $8500 in cash has been appropriated. During this week, however, all other exhibits with the exception of Horses, Cattle, Swine and Poultry will remain on display.

From present indications this exhibition of the society will be the largest, grandest, and most varied that has ever been held by any State Society, and will be second in numbers and merit only to the ever memorable International Exhibition, held at the same place during the Centennial Year. The premium list, which can be obtained from the officers of the Society, at their office, northwest corner Tenth and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia, is the most complete and thorough that has ever been presented by any similar organization, and offers for competition in the Live Stock Class alone the handsome sum of $24,315. In the Dairy, Fruit, Vegetable, and Floral Departments, the further sum of $6000 is added, besides a large number of elegant and valuable gold, silver and bronze medals, whose intrinsic value will aggregate the entire sum of more than $40,000 in actual cash.

The display will include a large number of Imported, Thoroughbred, Fine Bread, and Draught Horses; herds of Short Horn, Devon, Holstein, Jersey and Guernsey Cattle; the choicest breeds of sheep, Swine, &c., together with a Mechanical, Vegetable and Manufacturing Collection seldom, if ever, brought together in any community. Excellent and commodious stabling has been prepared within the building for Horses and Horned Cattle, and a suitable space assigned on the grounds adjacent for the accommodation of Swine. The Machinery, Dairy, Fruit, Floral, and Domestic Departments are all provided under cover, and will undoubtedly prove attractive and instructive features of the Fair. A space has also been assigned for the exercise and display of all the entries in the Live Stock Classes, but no racing will be permitted. Green feed will be supplied all the Milch Cows on exhibition, and hay and straw furnished all entries gratis.

Excursion tickets will be furnished by all the railroads entering Philadelphia, and all articles intended for exhibition carried on liberal terms.

Business Notices

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

The public are hereby informed that splendid suits are now made from the latest styles of Spring Goods on the following terms: *Latest Styles, Lowest Prices, Best Material, Best Workmanship,* and *Best Fits* at the Popular Store of

David Lowenberg.

Harriet A. Newkirk, of Salem, says: I was cured of tetter in my hand by three applications of Camphor Milk. My husband was cured of old running sores by using it. It cured my son of a sprained ankle. Price 25 cents. Sold by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg.
april 16, '80,1y

Black Cashmeres at Clark & Son's. Lowest prices.

Cash paid for 500 tons good dry bright Rock Oak Bark by Silas Young, Light Street. july 30-2m

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Go to Clark & Son's for your Dress Goods. A large stock and lowest prices.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Clothing Store of David Lowenberg is well stocked with all the latest styles of Clothing for Men, Youth and Children. Call and examine.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

A full line of Muslins, Prints, Ginghams and Domestic Goods at Clark & Son's.

For Nobby Hats,
For Latest Styles,
For Lowest Prices,
Go to David Lowenberg's.

Call and see the Best and Cheapest Summer Suit for $6.00 at D. Lowenberg's.

Ladies' Fall Sacquings at Clark & Son's.

4,000 pounds nice dried raspberries, 4,000 pounds, nice driedpitted cherries wanted this fall by Silas Young, Light Street. juy 2-6m

Trimmings of all kinds at Clark & Son's.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Hon. George N. Corson, Norristown, says: The Phœnix Pectoral is indispensable in my family. It acts like a charm in curing coughs and colds with the children, and I always use it when addressing a jury. Price 25 cents. C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg. apr16-1y

Lots of good Timothy and Cloverseed for sale by Silas Young, Light Street. aug204w

Admission free at McKinney's.

Another case of Fine Ready Made Clothing just received at D. Lowenberg's.

HOW TO GET almost Everything.

Do you know how to get in the easiest way and to best advantage what you want for dress and house-furnishing? First, how: Write for a catalogue; see what you can learn from it about the things you want. If samples can be useful to you, ask for them and state your wants so plainly that exactly the right samples can be sent.

Second, where: The place where goods are kept in the greatest variety; where they are sold for what they really are in respect to quality; where prices are lowest; where most care is taken to serve customers acceptably; and where you have the right to return whatever is not satisfactory.

There—no matter where you are—if you make your wants known and avail yourself of your privileges, you will get the best things in the best way, promptly and without trouble or risk; sometimes by mail, sometimes by express, almost always at less cost for carriage than the money you save in the price.

John Wanamaker,
Philadelphia, Pa.
Chestnut, Thirteenth, Market and Juniper.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Monday, the 6th day of September, at two o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, or which all persons interested in said estate will take notice:

1. Widow of Hiram D. Appleman, late of Benlock township, deceased.
2. Widow of William G. Quick, late of Montour township, deceased.
3. Widow of Joseph Lehr, late of Beaver twnship, deceased.
4. Widow of Norman L. Kline, late of Orange township, deceased.
5. Widow of Philip Unangst, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.
6. Widow of Daniel W. Robbins, late of the town of Bloomsburg, deceased.
7. Widow of William F. Smoyer, late of Mifflin township, deceased.
8. Widow of Benjamin Hicks, late of the borough of Berwick, deceased.
9. Widow of Israel Bogart, late of Greenwood township, deceased.
10. Widow of A. J. Albertson, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

Register's Office, Bloomsburg, Aug. 6, '80. } W. H. JACOBY, Register.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Prothonotary's office of Columbia county and will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of said county on Tuesday, the 7th day of September A. D., 1880, and continued after the fourth day of said term unless exceptions be filed within that time.

1. Account of W. H. Abbott, Assignee of William Rarig.
2. Account of Samuel C. Reichner, Committee of Stephen Walp, a lunatic.
3. Account of J. M. Smith, Assignee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of I. John and Son.

G. M. QUICK, Deputy. WM. KIRKBRIDE, Prothonotary. aug. 6, '80-4t

SEIDLITINE.

Seidlitz Powders. As pleasant as a glass of Lemonade. 5 cents each. All Drug Stores.

LAXATINE.

Laxative Lozenges for Regulating the Bowels. Prevents and Cures Constipation. 25 cents per box. All Drug Stores.

FROM ELDER THOMSON, Pastor of the Church of the Disciples of Christ, Detroit, Mich.—"My son was dangerously ill and entirely prostrated from Chills and Fever. Quinine and other medicines had been tried without effect. Dr. Craig who had used Thermalline as a Tonic, advised a trial of it, which was done, resulting in his complete recovery within a few days."

DOCUTA CAPSULETS, Safe and reliable cure for Kidney Complaints, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs. Recent of Curonic. They will cure any recent case in seven days. The word Docuta is on every box. Price per box, with full directions, Capsulets (usual size) 75 cents. Capsules (large size) $1.50. At all Drug Stores. Mailed on receipt of price by DUNDAS DICK & CO., 99 Wooster Street, New York. Circulars free.

PILLS Instantly relieved, by the use of Macqueen Matico Ointment, and CURED after several applications of it. Sold by all Druggists, or mailed on receipt of 25c. by DUNDAS DICK & CO., Mfg. Chemists, 99 Wooster Street, New York.

HOLMAN'S PAD

Cures without Medicine—Simply by Absorption. The Only True Malarial Antidote.

Dr. Holman cautions the public against counterfeit and imitation "Pads," of all kinds. Insist upon the kind bearing the above likeness and green private revenue stamp of Holman Pad Co., New York.

This is a true remedy—without medicine. Its fame is a household word throughout the world. 20 Inc. cured of Malaria, Fevers, Chills, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, and Chronic Stomach Diseases. It is only necessary to get the GENUINE Holman's Pad. It never fails.

Holman's Pad (genuine) is sold by Druggists. If in doubt about the genuineness of Pads offered, send one $2 in registered letter to us and receive the remedy by return mail, postpaid, or write us for free treatise. If severely afflicted with chronic ailments, describe symptoms fully. Dr. Holman's advice is GRATIS. Address, HOLMAN PAD CO., 93 William Street, New York.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE is the safest and best; acts instantaneously, producing the most natural shade of black or brown; does not stain the skin; easily applied. A standard preparation; favorite upon every well appointed toilet for lady or gentleman. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. J. CRISTADORO, New York.

WILLSON'S CARBOLATED (Norwegian)

Is retained by the Weakest Stomach. Is free from Unpleasant Taste. Arrests Decay. Never gets Rancid. It cures Consumption, Scrofula, Asthma, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds, Hemorrhages and all lung and constitutional complaints.

As a Blood Purifier the Carbolated Oil is remarkably efficient. In such Scrofulous Affections, &c., it is strongly recommended. In pulmonic cases it produces immediate relief, and if frequently used, in scrofulous taint, it acts upon the natural theory of IMMEDIATELY ASSIMILATING THE OIL WITH THE BLOOD OF THE SYSTEM, enabling it to throw off the disease. Sold only in wedge-shaped bottles. Wilson is spelled with a double "L." Remember the word "Carbolated" in ordering from your druggist, and insist on having the right kind.

GUMP CHEMICAL CO., N. Y.

COD LIVER OIL

BUCHAN'S CARBOLIC BALM OINTMENT

Trade Mark. IS THE Best Salve in the World.

Quick and Startling Cures.
It Heals Without a Scar.
Allays Pain & Stops Bleeding.
Soothes a Burn or Scald.
Heals a Cut Like Magic.
Draws Poison out of a Wound.

BUCHANS' CARBOLIC BALM OINTMENT

CONTAINS NO GREASE AND WASHES OFF WITHOUT SOAP.

acts Instantly and like Magic.

For Salt Rheum, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Piles, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Boils, Sores, Poisonous Stings and Bites, Barber's Itch, Chapped Hands, Scrofulous Sores, and any and every other purpose for which a salve or Ointment is in use. Buchan's Carbolic Balm Ointment is the only preparation that can always be relied upon. It is a beautiful fully-colored article and in glass cases with the above "trade mark" without which remedy is spurious. See to it that your druggist does not palm off upon you a worthless imitation as above described. Circular and testimonials sent on application to the Manufacturers.

GUMP MANUFACTURING CO.

Seven Indellible Ink. Best in the world; pink as the rose; does not spread or run; always ready, no preparation needed; will not injure any fabric; sold by all Druggists Booksellers and Stationers. Gump Chemical Co., N. Y. July 30, 6m. WON'T WASH OUT. CLOTHES now

FIRE INSURANCE.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERM AN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.

These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.

Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

PROMPTNESS, EQUITY FAIR DEALING
Nov. 16, '80.

C. B. ROBBINS,

(SUCCESSOR TO D. W. ROBBINS,) DEALER IN

Fine Brandies, Whiskies, Gins, Rums, and all kinds of Wines constantly on hand.

IMPORTED ALES AND PORTERS IN BOTTLES BY THE DOZEN.

Landlords through out the county will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

Main Street, 2nd Door below Iron.

July 9, '80-1y

CAUTION.

GET THE BEST.

ESTEY ORGANS.

STRONG COMPETITION

In the manufacture of Organs is resulting in the production and sale of cheap goods, made from inferior materials. I refer particularly to bogus Organs that are continually springing into existence, without any merit whatever, except to be offered cheap, and then when purchased found to be dear at any price. Will you not then, reader,

If you Contemplate Buying an Organ

consider it your only safeguard to select an instrument bearing the names of first class, wholly responsible makers. A good assortment of styles of the celebrated Estey Organs can now be seen at the new rooms of the Only Authorized Agent for the Estey Organs in Columbia County. A guarantee for five years from the manufacturers accompanies every Estey Organ.

J. SALTZER, Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

June 25, '80-tf

C. C. GALIGNAN,

Plumber, Gas Fitter, Tin and Sheet Iron Worker,

AND DEALER IN

STOVES, HEATERS AND RANGES,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Shop in Opera House, 6th door april 23,'80-1y

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, Sept. 6, 1880, at 2 o'clock, p. m. on said day:

1. The second and final account of J. B. Redison, administrator of Hannah Lake, late of Scott township, deceased.
2. The first and final account of Catharine Bredbenner, administratrix of Reuben Bredbenner, late of Beaver township, deceased.
3. The first and partial account of Henriotta Thiele, administratrix with the will annexed, of Ludwig Thiele, late of Locust township, deceased.
4. The first account of John S. Kline, executor of A. L. Davis, late of Benton township, deceased.
5. The account of Levi A. Hidlay, executor of Sarah H. Hidlay, late of Centre township, deceased.
6. The first and final account of George W. Correll, administrator of Jacob Kinney, late of the town of Bloomsburg, deceased.
7. The first account of Peter Shellhammer and Moses Schlicher, executors of Simon Shellhammer, late of Beaver township, deceased.
8. The first and final account of Eli Jones, administr

How Women Fish.

There are generally about six of them in a bunch, with light dresses on, and they have three poles with as many hooks and lines among them. As soon as they get to the river they look for a good place to get down the bank, and the most venturesome one sticks her boot heels in the bank and makes two careful steps down—then suddenly finds herself at the bottom, with both hands in the water, and a feeling that everybody in this wide world is looking at her, and she never tells anybody how she got there. The other girls, profiting by her example, turn around and go down the bank on their hands and toes, backward. Then they scamper over the rifts until they find a shallow place where they can see the fish, and shout:

"Oh, I see one!"

"Where?"

"There!"

"Oh my! so he is!"

"Let's catch him."

"Who's got the baits?"

"You lazy thing you are sitting on my pole!"

All these exclamations are gotten off in a tone that awakens every echo within a mile around, and sends every fish that hears into 'galloping hysterics." Then the girls, by superhuman exertions manage to get a worm on the hook and throw it in with a splash like the launching of a washtub, and await the result. After awhile a feeble minded sun fish contrives to get fastened on the hook of a timid woman, and she gives vent to her tongue:

"Oh something has got on my hook!"

"Pull up, you little idiot!" shouted five excited voices as polls and hooks are dropped and they run to the rescue; The girl with the bait gave a spasmodotic jerk which sends the unfortunate 'sunny,' into the air the full length of the line, and he comes down on the nearest curley head with a damp flop which sets her to clawing as though they were bumblebees in her hair.

'Oh murder! take it back! Ugh! take it away, the nasty thing!'

Then they hold up their skirts and gather round that fish as it skips over the legs, one all the time holding the line in both hands with her feet on the pole, as though she had no evil disposed goat on the end. Then they talk it over.

"How will it ever get off?"

"Ain't it pretty?"

"Wonder if it ain't dry?"

"Poor little thing, let's put it back?"

"How will we get the hook from it?"

"Pick it up," says the girl who backs rapidly out of the circle,

"Good gracious, I'm afraid of it. There it's opening its mouth at me.

Just then the "sunny" wiggles off the hook and disappears between two logs in the water, and the girls try for another bite. But the sun comes down and fries the back of their necks, and they get three headaches in the party, and they all get cross and scold at the fish like so many magpies. If an unwary chubdares to show himself in the water they poke at him with poles, much to his disgust. Finally they get mad all over, throw the polls away, hunt up the lunch basket, climb up into the woods, where they sit around on the grass, and eat enough dried beef and rusk and hard boiled eggs to give a horse the nightmare after which they compare notes about their beaux until sundown when they go home and plant envy in the hearts of all their dear friends telling them what "just a splendid time they had!

Never let a cold run. Take it in time. All that is necessary is to procure a bottle of "Sellers' Cough Syrup," and be cured.

D. L. W. Read, surgeon general of Pennsylvania says: "I am a republican but Hancock will get my vote, and there are thousands more like me. Why, here, sitting beside me, is C. L. Nyce, a republican. What are you going to do, Nyce?" "I shall vote for Hancock," said Mr. Nyce.

A bright and happy face peeping out of a baby carriage, is a sure sign that the little occupant has not been doctored with opium preparations. If your baby needs medicine by a bottle of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. It contains nothing injurious.

Colonel John A. Whimpy, heretofore a prominent republican in Georgia, has announced his intention to vote for Hancock,

---

Major General A. L. Pearson, of Pittsburg distinguished himself during the war of the rebellion and has since borne a part as a republican in the politics of Pennsylvania. When he announced his purpose to vote for his old commander he was chairman of the republican executive committee of Pittsburg.

Two Orgaus

Regulate first the stomach, second the liver; especially the first, so as to perform their functions perfectly and you will remove at least nineteen twentieths of all the ills that mankind is heir to, in this or any other climate. Hop Bitters is the only thing that will give perfectly healthy natural action to these two organs.

General C. S. Hamilton, late United States marshal for Wisconsin, has written a letter predicting the election of Hancock, and announcing his purpose to support him.

I had no faith in your mode of treating diseases of the kidneys until I tried it, and cured myself of a complaint that the doctors pronounced incurable. These are the words of thousands who have used the Day Kidney Pad.

George Bullock, a leading manufacturer of Conshohocken, Montgomery county Pennsylvania. Mr. Bullock is a prominent republican and has contributed liberally to the success of the party. He now goes for General Hancock.

The greatest medicine known for producing an appetite is "Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher."

Captain P. V. Fiskom, county commissioner of Clay county, Minnesota, a Scandinavian of influence in that county, has declared for General Hancock. Captain Fiskom was an old soldier of the Fifth Wisconsin volunteers.

The highest hopes and interests of the race rest on the, purity health, and strength of womanhood. We take pleasure in referring our readers to the remarkable efficacy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in all that class of diseases from which women suffer so much.

Captain P. Kelly is out with a letter addressed to Mr. John H. Brady, president of the Fifth Assembly district republican association, in which he resigns from the organization and espouses the cause of Hancock and English.

Before life is imperilled deal judiciously with the symptoms. Remember that the slight disorder of to day may become an obstinate, incurable disease to-morrow. As a preventative remedy take Simmons' Liver Regulator, which, by its mild and beneficial action on the liver, stomach and spleen, is eminently calculated to assist nature in its efforts to re-establish a healthy condition. It will also remove the cause of disease without any of that prostration which follows the use of drastic purgatives, or any of the injurious effects of mineral poisons.

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This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when it is continued, in ninety nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected. Scarcely a testimonial is published in the country.

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In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this paper.*

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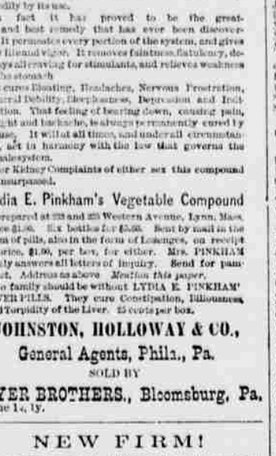

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Hemlock—Eli J. Oth.
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Locust—Francis Rhodes
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Sugarloaf—J. W. Dotz. Calvin Kitchen.

TRIAL LIST.

FOR SEPTEMBER TERM 1880.

E K Bogert vs D L Chapin adm'r.
Frederick Hosler's use vs D B & W R R Co.
C B Brockway vs Robert Gorrell
Wm Schoch vs Elizabeth W Souder.
Thomas Creveling, Jr vs Moore Creveling and wife.
Wm Neal, surviving partner of McKelvy & Neal vs The Penn's Canal Company.
David Tyson vs Thomas Geraghty.
Pat F Burke vs Centralia borough.
Joshua Savage's adm'rs vs Samuel Appleman.
R K F Brockway vs Hiram Karnes, Wm. C. Pennington.
Wm Master's adm'r vs J F Chapin.
Catharine Butler vs Reuben Roach.
John A Jackson et al vs Eli Stotzel.
S D Ikard vs Ferdinand Gaul et ux
O D L Kostenbau er vs Joseph B Knittle.
C B Brockway vs Martin Breech.
Emanuel Strouse vs Martin Johnson.
Peter Swank's use vs Charles Fetterman's adm'r.
Peter S Hower vs Catawissa town ship.
Geo E Elwell in trust vs Centralia School District.
Henry Miller vs Eli Roth.
B Eves' adm'r use vs Thomas Stackhouse ex'r.
Cyrus H Larish's adm'rs vs J F Chapin.
Henry Rhoads vs David Bogert et ux, terrs tenant.
Abijah Rose vs Wm P Robbins and Daniel Young.
Iram Derr vs Bowman G Kase
James M Eaton et ux vs M C Woodward.
John Hubbard et al trustees Lodge No 434 K P of Milwaukee vs George Pennila, Jos et al.
Wm Lamon trustee vs John W Hoffman.
William Masters vs J K Sharpless et al.
Jacob Yeager vs W L Eyerly.
Pacific Wolf et al vs Mary A Woods et al.
Jas W Hibbs ext vs James C Reeder et ux.
J Paul Fry vs Patterson & Edwards.
K H Ikeler's use vs Barcena Gingrer et al.
Patrick Burke use of C B Crockway vs Conyngham and Centralia Poor District.
Henry Fulmer use vs Gotlieb Hartman.

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J. W. Burnett.

The Remedy did more than she Expected,

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Dear Sir:—Your Indian Blood Syrup has cured me of Headache, Dizziness and Loss of Appetite, so that I am now able to work in my factory. My wife derived more benefit from its use than from any other medicine.

Henry Russel.

Would not be Without it.

Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—The Indian Blood Syrup is the best I ever used and I would not be without it, it is good for all complaints.

John Burkhart.

Diseases of the Stomach.

Eaton, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I had a Weak Stomach and could eat no meat or any thing nutritious whatever. By a friend's advice I commenced the use of your Indian Blood Syrup which after a short trial, effectually relieved me and I can now eat anything I choose. Your Syrup gives universal satisfaction.

Elizabeth Hadsall.

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Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup and it has proven just as represented. I can recommend it to all.

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Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and have received much benefit therefrom. I could not get along without it.

Mrs. Barber.

Never Fails to Cure.

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Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has been used by me, for Liver Complaint, which had been troubling me for a long time I derived more benefit from the use of the Syrup than from any other medicine. I heartily recommend it, and advise all sufferers to give it a trial.

L P Smith

Loss of Appetite.

Rohrsburg Columbia county Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP for Loss of Appetite and Weakness of the Stomach, with very beneficial results. I believe your medicine to be the greatest blood purifier known, and advise all who may be suffering as I was to give it a speedy trial.

Mrs. E Avery

Pains in Shoulders.

Rohrsburg, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has greatly relieved me of Pains in the Shoulder and Chest, which I had been afflicted with for years. I recommend it very highly.

Mrs. Mary Welsh.

Kidney Complaint.

Bear Gap, Columbia County, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My Father has been suffering with Kidney Complaint for a long time and had been under doctors' treatment, but the doctors could not effect a cure. I have been subject to a Numbness and Weakness in my Left Arm. We obtained some of your invaluable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP from your Agent, Wm. H. Potter, and it has cured my father completely, and my arm is much better. It does not trouble me half so much. Your medicine is excellent.

Josiah John.

Female Complaints.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I purchased some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP for my wife for Inflamation and Female Complaint, and it has given her relief.

J K Berner

Best Medicine Ever Used.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My little son was troubled with his water passing from him constantly, day and night. I consulted two doctors and gave him medicine, but without effect. I bought some of your celebrated INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP, a short trial of which, cured him.

Lambert Camp.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

Numida, Columbia County, Pa.

Dear Sir:—For many years my wife was afflicted with Dyspepsia, and we spent considerable money without receiving benefit. We procured some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and she began to improve in health from the time she comenced its use.

Solomon D Snyder

Liver Complaint.

Centralia, Columbia Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I was unwell and could scarcely attend to my work. I think my Liver was affected. I procured some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and now, after a short trial, feel like a new man. I recommend its use to all.

Daniel Goodman.

Dyspepsia and Neuralgia.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has effected a permanent cure in my case. I had been afflicted with the Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, but am now entirely well.

Mrs. John Thornton.

Bilious Stomach Cured.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Bilious Complaint and by the use of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP it has effectually cured me.

John N Williams.

Dyspepsia Cured.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has cured me of Dyspepsia.

Mrs. S B Adkins.

Liver Complaint.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co.

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Dyspepsia, but I was permanently cured by using your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP.

Mrs. G P Buttegamp.

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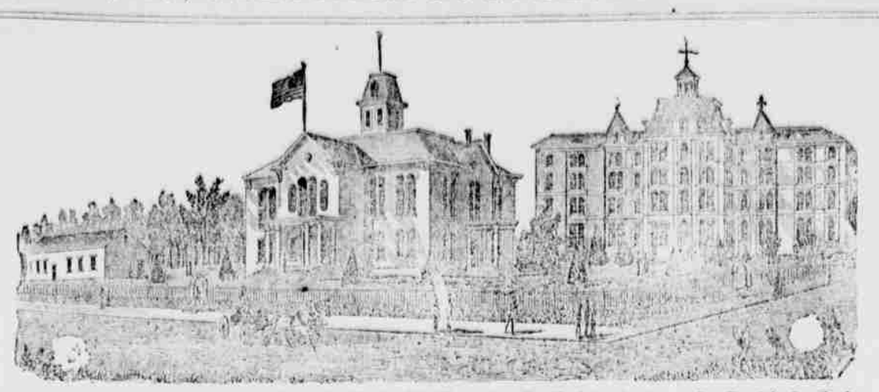

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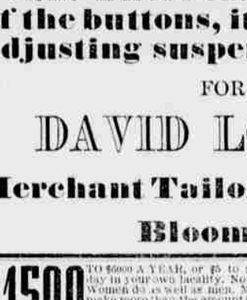

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